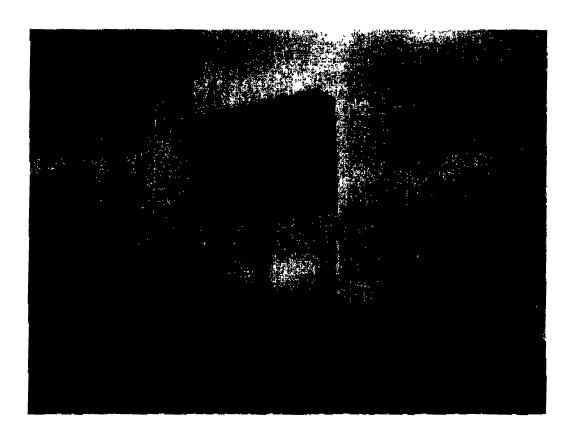




NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT

Superfund Five-Year Review Report ABC One Hour Cleaners Jacksonville, Onslow County, North Carolina EPA ID: NCD 024644494



Prepared for the US Environmental Protection Agency Region 4

August 2003

FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT ABC ONE HOUR CLEANERS EPA ID: NCD 024644494

Prepared for the US Environmental Protection Agency Region 4



Prepared by the
State of North Carolina
Department of Environment & Natural Resources



August 2003

Approved by:

Inston A. Smith Director

Waste Management Division

Date:

8/29/03

Table of Contents

		ary v Summary Form	
rive- Yea	ar Review	Summary Form	VII
1.0	Introduc	tion	1
2.0		onology	
3.0		und	
0.0	3.1	Site Description	
	3.2	Land and Resource Use	
	3.3	History of Contamination	
4.0		Al Actions	
	4.1	Remedy Selection	
	4.2	Remedy Implementation	
	4.3	System Operations/Operation & Maintenance	
	4.4	Progress Since Last Five-Year Review	
5.0		ar Review Process	
0.0	5.1	Administrative	
	5.2	Community Involvement	
	5.3	Document Review	
	5.4	ARAR Review	
	5.5	Data Review	
	5.6	Site Inspection	
	5.7	Interviews	
6.0		al Assistance	
0.0	6.1	Question A: Is the remedy functioning as intended by the decision documents?	
	6.2	Question B: Are the exposure assumptions, toxicity data, clean-up levels and remedial action objectives	
	0.2	(RAOs) used at the time of the remedy still valid?	26
	6.3	Question C; Has any other information come to light that could call Into question the protectiveness	
		of the remedy?	27
	6.4	Technical Assessment Summary	
7.0	Issues	·	
8.0	Recomn	nendations & Follow-up Actions	
9.0		veness Statement	
10.0		view	
Tables			
Table 1:	Chron	ology of Site Events	2
Table 2:	Groun	dwater Clean-up Goals as Specified in the ROD	8
Table 3:	Soil cl	ean-up Goals as Specified In the ROD	8
Table 4:		al Aquifer Groundwater Results - OU1 and OU 2 RI	
Table 5:		Hayne Aquifer Groundwater Results- OU1 and OU 2 RI	
Table 6:		nary of the VOC Groundwater Analytical Results -2002/2003 Surficial Aquifer	
Table 7:		pary of the VOC Groundwater Analytical Results -2002/2004 Castle Hayne Aquifer	
Table 8:		nary of the Soil Sampling Analytical Results from May 1994 RI	
Table 9:		nary of the Soil Sampling Analytical Results from 2/2001 and 1/2002	
Table 10		nmendations and Follow-up Actions	

Five-Year Review ABC One Hour Cleaners, Jacksonville, NC

<u>Figures</u>		
Figure 1:	Site Vicinity Map	5
	Site Map with Groundwater Wells Depleted	
Figure 3:	Remedial Investigation Sampling Locations,	21
Figure 4:	Sampling Locations from the 2/2001 and 1/2002 Sampling Event	23

Attachments

Attachment 1: List of Documents Reviewed
Attachment 2: Site Inspection Check List
Attachment 3: Photographs of the Site
Community Interviews

List of Acronyms

ARAR Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement

BGS Below Ground Surface

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

COC Contaminant of Concern
CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CWA Clean Water Act
DCE Dichloroethene

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

FS Feasibility Study

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level

MCLG Maximum Contaminant Level Goal
NCAC North Carolina Administrative Code

NC DENR North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

NCSWCS North Carolina Surface Water Quality Standards

NCP National Contingency Plan

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NPL National Priorities List

NRCD Natural Resources Community Development

O&M Operation and Maintenance

OU Operable Unit
PCE Tetrachloroethene

PCOR Preliminary Close-Out Report
PRP Potentially Responsible Party
PSD Performing Settling Defendant

RA Remedial Action

RAO Remedial Action Objective

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RD Remedial Design

RI/FS Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study

ROD Record of Decision

RPM Remedial Project Manager
EDWA Safe Drinking Water Act
SPM Soil Pressure Monitoring

SOW Statement of Work
SVE Soil Vapor Extraction

TCE Trichloroethene

TSS Total Suspended Solids
USMC United Stated Marine Corp
VOC Volatile Organic Compound
WiRO Wilmington Regional Office

Executive Summary

The ABC One-Hour Cleaners site is located at 2127 Lejeune Boulevard, Jacksonville, Onslow County, North Carolina, and encompasses an area of approximately 1 acre. From 1964 to 1985, ABC Cleaners disposed of spent solvents and "still bottoms" (powder residue), as well as, possible septic tank leakage with high concentrations of spent solvents on the property in unlined, un-contained media. In 1984, as part of a routine water quality evaluation, the Department of the Navy collected groundwater samples and determined that dichloroethene (DCE), trichloroethene (TCE), and tetrachloroethene (PCE) were present in 10 of the 40 wells sampled. Two of these wells were located within the Tarawa Terrace well field in the vicinity of the ABC Cleaners. In 1988, the Wilmington Regional Office (WiRO) of the Division of Environmental Management, North Carolina Department of Natural Resources and Community Development (NRCD) conducted a groundwater pollution study to define the source of PCE in wells within the Tarawa Terrace well field, The study concluded that the most likely source of groundwater contamination was ABC One-Hour Cleaners.

The remedial actions in the Record of Decisions (RODs) dated January 28, 1993 for OU 1, provided remediation of contaminated groundwater, and the second ROD dated September 6, 1994 for OU 2, provided remediation of contaminated soils. As stated in the RODs, contaminated groundwater will be extracted from the Surficial and the Castle Hayne aquifers using extraction wells the extracted groundwater will be treated by air stripping and an off-gas treatment system. Surface water discharge of the treated groundwater will be to Northeast Creek via a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES). Contaminated soils will be remediated using Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE), Institutional controls will be implemented for both operable units.

This is the first five-year review for the ABC One-Hour Cleaner Site. The triggering action for this statutory review is the release of funds for the beginning of the soil remedial action on August 31,1998. The five-year review is required due to the fact that hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. There are several issues/problems that have been identified during this review. The most significant of these being:

- 1. Institutional controls as proposed in the RODs have not been implemented.
- 2. At this time, groundwater contamination in the surficial and Castle Hayne aquifers may not be contained. It is not clear that the zone of influence of the recovery wells is capturing downgradient contamination.
- 3. The extent of contamination needs to be investigated in the Castle Hayne aquifer.

4. It is now technically possible to obtain lower quantitation limits in water samples for two site specific compounds, PCE and vinyl chloride. Therefore, clear-up goals of 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.5 ug/l for vinyl chloride should be changed to reflect these new values.

Other minor issues that need to be addressed, include leaks in and/or around the groundwater treatment building, housekeeping Issues and improvement of the aesthetics of the area surrounding the groundwater treatment building, and soil monitoring needs to be more routine.

The remedies at OU1 and OU 2 currently protect human health and the environment in the short-term because the main source of contamination is being remediated through the soil vapor extraction system and currently no human exposure pathways exist to contaminated soil or groundwater. However, in order for the remedies to be protective in the long-term, the following actions need to be taken to ensure long-term protectiveness Implementation of Institutional Controls as stated in the RODs; A formal review should be conducted for optimizing the remedial systems for groundwater; and Further groundwater investigation of the Castle Hayne Aquifer.

Five-Year Review Summary Form

SITE IDENTIFICATION								
Site name (from WasteLAN): ABC One Hour Cleaners								
EPA ID (from WasteLAN): NCD 0246444494								
Region: 4	State: NC City/County: Jacksonville/Onslow							
		SITE STA	ATUS					
NPL status: ⊠ Final □	Deleted Other(spe	ecify)						
Remediation status (choo	ose all that apply):	Jnder Constru	ction 🛮 Operating 🗆 Complete					
Multiple Ous? X YES	□ NO Con	struction com	pletion date: 8 / 9 / 2000					
Has site been put into re	use? □YES ☒ NO							
		REVIEW ST	TATUS					
Lead agency: ⊠ EPA □	☐ State ☐ Tribe ☐	Other						
Author(s) name: Nile Tes	terman/Stephanie Grub	bs						
Author(s) title: Engineer/	Hydrogeologist		Author(s) affiliation: NC DENR					
Review period: 4/ 1 / 2003	3 to 8 / 31 / 2003							
Date(s) of site inspection	n:5/5/2003							
Type of review: Statutory								
Review number: 🛛 1 (fin	rst) 2 (second)	3 (third) 🔲 C	Other					
Triggering action:								
☐ Actual RA Onsite Cor	nstruction at OU #		☐ Actual RA Start at OU #					
☐ Construction Completion ☐ Previous Five-Year Review Report								
Other (specify) Relea	○ Other (specify) Release of the funds for the soil remediation action							
Triggering action date (from WasteLAN): 8 / 31 / 1988								
Due date (five years after triggering action date): 8 / 31 / 12003								

Five-Year Review Summary Form, cont'd

Issues;

- 1. Institutional controls as proposed in the RODs have not been implemented.
- 2. Groundwater contamination in the surficial and Castle Hayne aquifers may not be contained. It is not clear that the zone of influence of the recovery wells is capturing downgradient contamination.
- 3. The extent of contamination needs to be investigated in the Castle Havne aguifer.
- 4. It is now technically possible to obtain lower quantitation limits in water samples for two site specific compounds, PCE and vinyl chloride. Therefore, clean-up goals of 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.5 ug/l for vinyl chloride should be changed to reflect these new values.

Recommendations and Follow-up Actions;

Major recommendations involve: Implement institutional controls, conduct formal review for optimizing the groundwater remedial system, investigate further the Castle Hayne Aquifer, and modify groundwater clean-up goals. Other minor issues include housekeeping issues and improve the general appearance of the groundwater treatment plant area, leaking and plumbing in the groundwater treatment building, and more routine soil monitoring.

Protectiveness Statement:

The remedies at OU1 and OU 2 currently protect human health and the environment In the short-term because the main source of contamination is being remediated through the soil vapor extraction system and currently no human exposure pathways exist to contaminated soil or groundwater, However, In order for the remedies to be protective in the long-term, the following actions need to be taken to ensure long-term protectiveness: Implementation of Institutional Controls as stated in the RODs; A formal review should be conducted for optimizing the remedial systems for groundwater, and Further groundwater Investigation of the Castle Hayne Aquifer.

1.0 Introduction

The purpose of conducting a five-year review is to determine whether the remedy at a site is protective of human health and the environment. The methods, findings, and conclusions of reviews are documented in Five-Year Review reports. In addition, Five-Year Review reports identify issues found during the review, if any, and identify recommendations to address them.

The North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NC DENR) is preparing this Five-Year Review pursuant to CERCLA §121 and the National Contingency Plan (NCP). CERCLA §121 states:

If the President selects a remedial action that results in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site, the President shall review such remedial action no less often than each five years after the initiation of such remedial action to assure that human health and the environment are being protected by the remedial action being implemented. In addition, if upon such review it is the judgement of the President that action is appropriate at such site in accordance with section [104] or [106), the President shall take or require such action. The President shall report to the Congress a list of facilities for which such review the required, the results of all such reviews, and any actions taken as a result of such reviews.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) interpreted this requirement further in the NCP; 40 CFR §300.430(f)(4)(ii) states:

If a remedial action is selected that results in hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, the lead agency shall review such action no less often than every five years after the initiation of the selected remedial action.

This is the first five-year review for the ABC One-Hour Cleaner Site (ABC Cleaners). The triggering action for this statutory review is the release of funds for the beginning of the soil remedial action on August 31,1998. The five-year review is required due to the fact that hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, This Five Year Review was performed in a manner consistent with the latest US EPA Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance (USEPA, 2001).

2.0. Site Chronology

Table 1 lists the site chronology for selected events for the ABC Cleaners site.

Table 1 - Chronology of Site Events

Event	Date
ABC Cleaners disposed of spent solvents and "still bottoms" (powder residue), as well as, possible septic tank leakage with high concentrations of spent solvents on the property In unlined, un-contained media.	1958 to 1985
Routine water quality evaluation by the US Navy discovered DCE, TCE, and PCE in community wells at Tarawa Terrace.	July 1984
Wilmington Regional Office WiRO) of he Division of Environmental Management, notified by USMC that the Tarawa Terrace were contaminated by off-site sources.	April 1985
WIRO conducted a groundwater pollution study to define source within the Tarawa Terrace well field. Which concluded that the source was from the ABC One-Hour Cleaners.	April – September 1985
Preliminary Assessment report completed by the North Carolina Department of Health Services CERCLA Unit	September 11, 1986
Site inspection completed by the North Carolina Department of Health Services CERCLA Unit	May 27, 1987
Site proposed to the National Priorities List (NPL)	June 24, 1988
Site finalized for the NPL	March 31, 1989
Remedial investigation and Feasibility study (RI/FS) complete for Operable Unit 1 (OU1, groundwater contamination)	November 5, 1992
The Acting Regional Administrator signed the Record Of Decision (ROD) documenting the Remedial Action (RA) for OU 1	January 26, 1993
FS complete for Operable Unit 2 (OU 2, soil contamination)	March 18, 1994
RI complete for OU 2	May 13, 1994
The second ROD was signed documenting the RA for OU 2	September 8, 1994
National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit issued by NC DENR for treated groundwater	June 1995
Right of Way requested for a groundwater remediation system pipe to be installed under Southern Norfolk Railroad	February 1997 to August 1998
Bld process complete and Foster Wheeler Environmental Corporation is awarded the RA subcontract for OU 1	June 7, 1997
Right of Way signed for access to Install pipe beneath railroad	August 10, 1998

Release of funds for the remedial action for OU 2 (trigger for start of 5 year review)	August 31, 1998
Foster Wheeler starts-up the groundwater system and completes the performance demonstration	January 1999- November 1999
Bid process complete and McLaren-Hart is awarded subcontract for OU 2	July 30, 1999
Foster Wheeler and Weston (EPA contractor) have conflicts regarding violations With NPDES permit due to increased nickel concentrations and total suspended solids (TSS), flow rate issues, dalays in start of remediation system, and iron fouling the system.	Late 1999
GW remediation system basically shut-down due to high concentrations of nickel And total suspended solids (TSS) in effluent.	February 2000 to March 2002
Construction complete for OU 1	February 2000
Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) system for OU 2 started operating by McLaren-Hart.	April 2000
Foster Wheeler filed a lawsuit against Weston citing breach of contract, declaratory judgement that the subcontract expired, declaring judgement that Foster Wheeler was not in default, and breach of the Duty of Good Faith and Fair Dealings	August 4, 2000
Construction complete for OU 2	August 9, 2000
SVE system is fully operational and meets Statement of Work (SOW) requirements.	August 28, 2000
McLaren-Hart is purchased by J.A. Jones. A newly-formed McLaren-Hart/Jones Company is established as a subsidiary of J.A. Jones Environmental Services.	October 2000
NPDES permit changed from Foster Wheeler to Weston as owner of the system.	May 31, 2001
Modified NPDES permit which reflects dilution calculated in Cormix Mixing Analysis and discharge into Northeast Creek.	October 1, 2001
GW system started again by Weston.	March 20, 2002
Superfund Preliminary Close-Out Report (PCOR) complete.	August 8, 2002
GW system off and on sporadically due to minor problems and repairs.	October 2002- March 2003
GW system restarted b Terraine (Weston subcontractor) and is full operational.	March 15, 2003

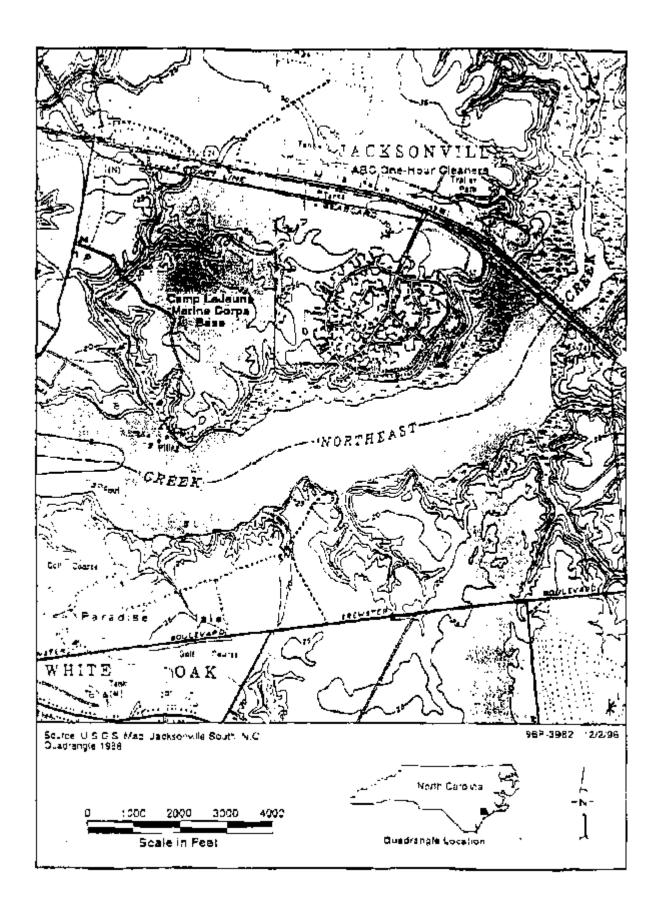
3.0 Background

3.1 Site Description

The ABC One-Hour Cleaners site is located at 2127 Lejeune Boulevard, Jacksonville, Onslow County, North Carolina, and encompasses an area of approximately 1 acre. The area surrounding the site is a business district of Jacksonville and north of the Camp Lejeune Marine Corps Base (Base). The dry cleaning establishment, consisting of three buildings joined to form one complex, is located on the southern portion of the property. The back portion of the property is overgrown with vegetation and is surrounded by a chain-link fence. A small parking lot fronts Lejeune Boulevard and driveways exist on the east and west of the complex. Across Lejeune Boulevard to the south and southeast are the Norfolk Southern Railroad tracks, the Base, and the Tarawa Terrace Housing Development. The Tarawa Terrace complex serves as housing for non-commissioned officers of the Base and their families.

The Site is situated at an elevation of about 30 feet above mean sea level (msl). Surface water run-off flows overland into ditches and culverts that are directed across Lejeune Boulevard (Highway 24) onto Base property and, along with run-off from the Base, into Northeast Creek. Approximately 4,400 feet southeast of the Site, Northeast Creek flows in a southwesterly direction to the New River, which drains into the Atlantic Ocean (USEPA, 2002; USEPA, 1994). Elevations decline gradually toward the south and southeast, toward Northeast Creek. Figure 1 is a site vicinity map showing the site, the Base, and Northeast Creek.

The soils at the Site have been classified within the Onslow fine sandy soil association. Underlying the surface soils (approximately 5- to 7-inches thick) is a 6- to 8-inch thick hardpan layer. This hardpan is composed of fine sand cemented with organic matter and iron, and may locally inhabit the downward movement of recharge. Shallow subsurface geology specific to the site was determined to include 2 aquifers. The surficial aquifer is primarily saturated quartz sands which extends to a depth of 70-feet Below Ground Surface (BGS). Overlying the saturated sand is a zone composed of interbedded sands, silts, and clays which extend from the ground surface to approximately 25 feet BGS. Underlying the surficial aquifer is the Castle Hayne which is primarily composed of saturated fossiliferous sand and gravel with variable silt content. A noncontiguous confining unit has been located separating the surficial and Castle Hayne aquifers.



3.2 Land and Resource Use

ABC Cleaners is currently operating at the facility. The general land use within in the area is general retail and commercial business properties. To the north of the Site are residential areas. Land located to the south serves as housing for the Base and undeveloped woodland areas. Since February 1985. Tarawa Terrace is supplied water by the Camp Lejeune Holcomb Boulevard drinking water system.

3.3 History of Contamination

ABC Cleaners is a North Carolina corporation registered with the Secretary of State as of March 4, 1958. Martha Melts and Milton Melts purchased the property on which the ABC Cleaners facility is located on September 16, 1964. From 1964 to 1985, ABC Cleaners disposed of spent solvents and "still bottoms" (powder residue) on the property in unlined, un-contained media. It is estimated that approximately one ton of still bottoms were placed on the driveway over a 30-year operating period.

A septic tank soil absorption system was located in the rear of the building complex. The septic system consisted of an underground concrete tank with a concrete lid and a pipe of unknown length that discharged into the subsurface soil. The septic system was located within 4 feet of the PCE storage tank. The age of the septic system reportedly dates back to the original construction of the building in the 1940's. ABC Cleaners began occupying the building in 1955. In the 1960s, ABC Cleaners installed a floor drain to the septic tank and tied its wastewater discharge, except for its lavatories, into the Weyerhaeuser Properties' water and sewer system. The lavatories remained tied into the septic system until approximately 1985, at which time they were also tied into the Weyerhaeuser Properties' system.

In July 1984, as part of a routine water quality evaluation, the Department of the Navy collected groundwater samples from 40 of the 100 community water supply wells located on the Base. The Navy determined that dichloroethene (DCE), trlchloroethene (TCE), and tetrachloroethene (PCE) were present in 10 of the wells sampled. Two of these wells were located within the Tarawa Terrace well field in the vicinity of the ABC Cleaners.

In April 1985, the Wilmington Regional Office (WiRO) of the Division of Environmental Management, North Carolina Department of Natural Resources and Community Development (NRCD) was notified by the United States Marine Corps (USMC), that two deep-water wells in the Tarawa Terrace housing area at the Base were contaminated by what appeared to be off-site sources. From April through September 1985, WiRO staff conducted a groundwater pollution study to define the source of PCE in wells within the Tarawa Terrace well field. The study concluded that the most likely source of groundwater contamination was ABC One-Hour Cleaners.

In data collected in February 1985, the two Tarawa Terrace wells contained maximum concentrations of PCE at 1,580 ppb, TCE at 57 ppb, DCE at 92 ppb and vinyl chloride at 27 ppb. On February 8, 1985 the wells are shut down. All contaminated wells in Tarawa Terrace are now offline,

The soil contamination on site was a result of disposing spent solvents and "still bottoms" (powder residue), as well as, possible leaks from the septic tank system onto unlined, un-contained media. Based on data collected in al 986 investigation, maximum concentrations of contaminants within soils on site were 860 mg/kg (ppm) PCE, 24 mg/kg TCE, and non-detect for 1,2-DCE, 1,1-DCE, and vinyl chloride. However, data collected during the RI found levels of 1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride at mean concentrations of 5.0 mg/kg and 0.135 mg/kg, respectively. A septic tank sample, also collected during the RI, indicated that the concentrations of PCE was estimated to be approximately 230,000 μ g/L, representing a significant contaminant source,

4.0 Remedial Actions

4.1 Remedy Selection

The remedial actions in the Record of Decisions (RODs) dated January 28, 1993 for OU 1, provided remediation of contaminated groundwater, and the second ROD dated September 6, 1994 for OU 2, provided remediation of contaminated soils, The description of the selected remedies in the RODs include:

Groundwater

- Contaminated groundwater above ARARs will be extracted from the Surficial and the Castle Hayne aquifers using extraction wells;
- The extracted groundwater will be treated by air stripping and an off-gas treatment system (if needed);
- Surface water discharge of the treated groundwater will be to Northeast Creek via a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES);
- Periodic monitoring will be conducted to assess the effectiveness of the remedy for a period of up to 30 years; and
- Institutional controls will be placed on well construction and water use in the general area of the site.

Table 2: For OU I - Groundwater, the ROD specified the following clean-up goals:

CONTAMINANT	CLEAN-UP LEVEL (ug/l)
tetrachloroethene	1
trichlorcethene	2.8
1,2-dichloroethene	70
vinyl chloride	1

Soils

- Remediation of contaminated soils using Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE); and
- Implementation of institutional controls.

Table 3: For OU2 - Soils, the ROD specified the following clean-up goals:

CONTAMINANT	CLEAN-UP LEVEL (mg/kg)
tetrachicroethene	2.16
trichlorcethene	0.90
1,2-dichloroethene	21.0
vinyl chloride	0.03

The remedies were selected to protect human health and the environment, comply with Federal and State requirements that are legally applicable or relevant and appropriate to the remedial action and be cost effective. The primary goal of the remedy was to minimize the migration of contaminants from the property that could degrade groundwater quality and prevent further migration of groundwater contamination beyond its current extent. These remedies utilize permanent solutions and alternative treatment technologies to the maximum extent practicable, and satisfies the statutory preference for remedies that employ treatment that reduce the toxicity, mobility, and/or volume as a principal element.

Because these remedies may result in hazardous substances remaining on site above ARARs for more than five years, Five-Year Reviews will be completed to assess site conditions, contaminant distributions, and any other associates site hazards.

4-2 Remedy Implementation

OU 1-Groundwater

The Acting Regional Administrator signed the Record Of Decision (ROD) documenting the Remedial Action (RA) for OU 1 (groundwater contamination) on January 26, 1993. Based on the November 4, 1997 Work Plan for the Groundwater Remediation, Foster Wheeler Environmental Corporation designed the groundwater extraction and treatment system. The system selected for the site consists of extraction welts and a low profile air stripper. The objectives of the groundwater treatment system was designed to reduce the contaminants of concern (COC) and to met the NPDES permit requirements for discharge into Northeast Creek. The current treatment system consists of two pumps, a series of bag filters, and an air stripper (tray aeration system).

During February 1997, a Right of Way access was requested for a groundwater remediation system pipe to be installed under Norfolk Southern Railroad. Access was not granted until August 1998. From January 1999 to November 1999, Foster Wheeler completes the performance demonstration of the groundwater system. Data collected revealed that the original four recovery wells were unable to achieve the required pumping rate. Because the wells only extended partially into the surficial aquifer, four additional wells were extended the entire length of the aquifer. These wells did not provide sufficient flow rates, due to lack of proper well development, so the wells were pumped at a lower flow rate. It was verified that the capture zone included the entire known area of contamination. Since start-up of the system, nickel removal filters were not removing enough nickel to comply with the NPDES permit requirements. Other system problems include iron fouling the filtration media and the total suspended solids periodically exceeding the discharge limit. After several months of testing, Foster Wheeler abandoned operations and Weston took over the start-up of the system. As of October 1, 2001, a new NPDES permit was obtained which reflected Weston as the owner of the system and new dilution calculations based on the CORMIX Mixing Analysis. Based on this analysis, a discharge pipe was extended to discharge into Northeast Creek. On March 20, 2002 the groundwater remediation system was started-up by Weston. On July 25, 2002 EPA and NC DENR conducted a final inspection and determined that the contractors have constructed the remedy in accordance with the remedial design (RD) plans and specifications. By March 2003, the system is fully operation under the supervision of Terraine (Weston's subcontractor).

OU 2-Soil

The release of funds for the remedial action for OU 2 was August 31, 1998, also the trigger for start of 5-year review process. On January 18, 2000 McLaren/Hart, Inc. completed the Work Plan for the Soil Remediation at the ABC Cleaners site. The objectives of the plan were to properly dispose of the contents of the septic tank and seal

the opening with a concrete cap; install SVE extraction wells to remove soil vapor from unsaturated zone and to maintain a negative subsurface pressure of (at a minimum of) 0.5 inches of water at all soil pressure monitoring (SPM) probes; verify that samples collected at five locations be less than the soil remediation goals after a maximum of 2 years from the date of the contract award; SVE system shall operate until remediation goals are achieved; and the system may discharge a maximum of 1.1 pounds (lbs.) of VOC per hour and 1.05 lbs. of PCE per hour without an air emission control device. On August 28, 2000 the SVE system operated by McLaren-Hart is fully operational and meets Statement of Work (SOW) requirements. Prior to August 2000, some extraction wells and SPM probes were malfunctioning, Currently all wells and probes are functional and the system has been fully operational since, Based on data collected in October 2002, the VOC removal rate is approximately 1.8 lbs. per week compared to the 50 lbs. per week in late 2000. The mass recovery rate has slowed as the contaminant levels in the soil decrease.

4.3 System Operation/Operation and Maintenance

The primary activities associated with O&M include:

- Inspection of the conditions of the soil vapor extraction wells and the groundwater monitoring and recovery wells. As well as inspections of both the groundwater and soil remediation systems.
- Weekly inspection or replacement of bag filters due to iron build-up in the groundwater monitoring system. Weekly inspection and periodic cleaning of the air stripper trays,
- Weekly Inspection of air flow and vacuum gages for the SVE system.
- Environmental monitoring including semi-annual monitoring of groundwater and bimonthly NPDES compliance sampling and quarterly acute toxicity test sampling. Soil monitoring includes monthly air emissions sampling for each COC. Soil sampling will occur to verify if remediation goals have been met once air emission monitoring indicates CCC are not detected.

The original cost estimate to implement the OU1 groundwater remedial action, as described in the ROD, was \$2,262,900. More detailed cost estimate documentation can be found in the feasibility Study for OU1. The bid price for the project submitted by the RA-subcontractor was \$732,781. After EPA's subcontractor took over the project and made modifications, an additional \$60,000 were spend on construction costs. To date the total construction cost for OU1 is \$792,751. Based on the Interim Remedial Action Report dated May 2002, the groundwater remediation system is expected to operate for approximately 30 years.

The original cost estimate to implement the remedial action described in the ROD for OU2 soil was \$ 521,463. The original bid submitted by the RA-Subcontractor was \$156,550. The cost of the optimization activities performed to the SVE system was \$4,500. To date the total construction costs for OU2 is \$161,050.

4.4 Progress Since Last Five Year Review

Since this is the first Five-Year Review Report, no other report is available.

5.0 Five-Year Review Process

5.1 Administrative Components

The five-year review process for the ABC One-Hour Cleaners site was performed by the NC DENR, Superfund Section. Nile Testerman (Environmental Engineer) and Stephanie Grubbs (Hydrogeologist) from NC DENR were responsible for gathering and reviewing data for this review. Telephone or email discussion/interviews with Luis Flores, EPA Remedial Project Manager (RPM), and Brian McGee, Project Manager for Weston, were conducted. Other activities conducted for this review include document review, site inspections/site meeting with Terraine and J. A. Jones on May 5, 2003, community involvement interviews (conducted by Diane Barrett, USEPA), and the Five-Year Report preparation.

5.2 Community involvement

Telephone interviews for the 5-year review of remedial activities for the ABC One-Hour Cleaner were conducted by Diane Barrett, EPA Community Involvement Coordinator between May 30 and June 20, 2003. Copy of the telephone interview notes are included in Attachment 4.

5.3 Document Review

This five-year review consisted of a review of relevant documents including the Signed RODs for both operable units, RI reports for OU1 and OU2, Interim Remedial Action Reports, and the Preliminary Close-Out Report (PCOR). Applicable groundwater and soil clean-up standards and other ARARs, as listed in the RODs, were also reviewed and checked for updates. See Attachments for a complete list of documents reviewed.

5.4 ARAR Review

In performing the five-year review for compliance with applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs), only those ARARs addressing risk posed to human health and the environment (ie: addressing the protectiveness of the remedy) were reviewed. This is in keeping with current US EPA guidance on five-year reviews:

Federal ARARs

- 40 CFR Parts 261, 262, 263, 264, and 268 promulgated under the authority of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)
- Clean Water Act Water Quality Criteria (CWA Part 303, 40 CFR Part 131)
- Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) National Primary Drinking Water Standards (40 CFR Part 141)
- SDWA National Secondary Drinking Water Standards (40 CFR Part 143)
- SDWA Maximum Contaminant Levels Goals (40 CFR Part 141)
- CWA National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Requirements (CWA Part 402; 40 CFR Part 125)
- CWA National Pretreatment Standard for Indirect Discharge to a POTW (CWA Part 307(b); 40 CFR Part 403)
- CWA Technology-Based Effluent Limitations (CWA Part 301(b))
- Solid Waste Disposal Act (40 USC §6901-6987; 40 CFR Part 261)

State ARARs

- Regulations for the Management of Hazardous Waste promulgated under the authority of the NC Waste Management Act (North Carolina Administrative Code (NCAC) Title 15A, Chapter 13A)
- Regulations for the disposal of Solid Waste promulgated under the authority of the NC Hazardous Waste Commission Act (NCAC Title 15A, Chapter 13B)
- NC Drinking Water and Groundwater Standards; Groundwater Classifications and Standards (NCAC Title 15 Chapter 2L)
- NC Surface Water Quality Standards (NCSWQS) Classification and Water Quality Standards (NCAC Title 15 A Chapter 2B)
- NCSWQS Technology-Based Effluent Limitations (NCAC Title 15A Chapter 2, Subschapter 2B.0400)
- NC Drinking Water Act (NCDWA) (General Statutes Chapter 130A, Article 10)
- NC Water Pollution Control Regulations (NCWPCR) (NCAC Title 15 Chapter 2, Subchapter 2H)
- NCWPCR Wastewater Treatment Requirements (NCAC Title 15 Chapter 2, Subchapter 2H.0100)

Analytical capabilities have changed since the ROD for OU1 was prepared. Most significantly, quantitation limits in most cases are lower than the ROD clean-up levels. It is now technically possible to obtain lower quantitation limits in water samples for two site specific compounds, PCE and vinyl chloride. At the time of the ROD, the quantitation limits for PCE and vinyl chloride were 1 ug/l. This limit of 1 ug/l was then specified in the ROD as the clean-up goals in groundwater for PCE and vinyl chloride. Currently, the quantitation limits for PCE and vinyl chloride are 0.5 ug/l. The NC Groundwater Standard, as stated in the NC Drinking Water and Groundwater Standards; Groundwater Classifications and Standards (NCAC Title 15 Chapter 2L), is 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.015 ug/l for vinyl chloride. Therefore, clean-up goals of 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.5 ug/l for vinyl chloride would be decreased to these new values.

At the time the ROD for OU 2 was prepared, a baseline risk assessment was conducted. The soil clean-up goals as stated in the ROD are still applicable.

5.5 Data Review

Groundwater

The data review for the groundwater monitoring consisted of evaluation of pre-remedial data from April 1992 and September 1993 and data collected after the start-up of the remediation system dated May 2002 to March 2003. The data from March 2003 is the most current data available. The main resources for this data is the *Draft Performance Remedial Design, Operable Unit 1* dated July 7, 1994, *ABC One-Hour Cleaners Groundwater Sampling Results -November 2002* dated February 3, 2003, and the most current data from Weston dated July 2003 (the most current data was provided via email from Weston since a final report was not available).

Groundwater sampling data was reviewed for sampling events occurring in April 1992, September 1993, May 2002, August 2002, November 2002, and March 2003. Gaps in the data from 1993 to 2002 are due to the extensive problems including obtaining railroad access agreements, exceeding NPDES permit requirements, and contractor disputes. Table 4 presents all the pre-remedial action sampling data from 1992 and 1993 for the surficial aquifer. Table 5 presents all the pre-remedial action sampling data from 1992 and 1993 for the Castle Hayne aquifer. Data from the most current sampling events May 2002, August 2002, November 2002, and March 2003 are represented in Table 6 from the surficial aquifer and Table 7 from the Castle Hayne aquifer. Figure 2 is a site map with all the monitoring wells locations.

Based on the data from the 2002 sampling events, Weston concluded that the VOC concentrations increased significantly in RWS-4A and decreased significantly in well C-13. VOC concentrations on S-2, on ABC property, decreased more than five-fold between May and November 2002. VOC concentrations in well RWC-1 decreased in December 2002, even thought there was an increase between May and August. The remaining wells have been fairly consistent and many show a slight downward trend. The VOC plume appears

to be elongating to the east-southeast in both aquifers and migration has proceeded further into the Castle Hayne. The highest VOC concentrations (greater than 1,000 μ g/1) were found in two recovery wells (RWS-4A and RWC-2), indicating the well are placed appropriately for extraction of contaminated groundwater. However, contamination in the Castle Hayne is not being recovered and treated since it is located beyond the capture zone of RWC-2. The presence of cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride indicates that the PCE and TCE are degrading in the aquifers. The PCE and TCE concentrations are stilt higher than the daughter compounds.

Soil

The data review for soil monitoring consisted of evaluation of pre-remedial data from the Remedial investigation dated May 1994 and data collected from the most current sampling events dated February 9-14, 2001 and January 29, 2002. On July 15, 2002, several upgrades to the SVE system were implemented. The primary system modifications were to connect two additional extraction vents and one pressure probe in the vicinity of the former septic tank pit. The data from the February 2001 and January 2002 sampling events are the most current and complete data sets available. This information was submitted to the US EPA via Technical Memo from Weston,

Table 8 presents all the pre-remedial data from the RI report. Figure 3 shows all the sampling location from the RI sampling event. Table 9 presents data from the sampling events in 2001, 2002, and various other historical sampling data. Figure 4 is a site map with all the soil sampling locations for the 2001 and 2002 sampling events. In February 2001, all 12 samples collected exceeded the PCE clean-up goal. in the January 2002 sampling event, only four samples exceeded the PCE clean-up goal. These results indicate that the SVE system continues to reduce the overall mass of VOCs in the soil. The SVE system has been operational since April 2000 and has, as of August 2002, recovered approximately 700 lbs of volatile organic compounds. Three of the four samples that were exceeding the goal were beneath the building and at depths at or greater that 10 feet. The results indicate that the bulk of the PCE contamination remains beneath the floor of the room that contained the septic tank pit. These soil sampling results are supported by the air monitoring results which indicate that the VOC concentration in the soil vapor extracted from a vent adjacent to the septic tank pit area (vent T-2) is three times greater than from any other vent.

	Table 4: Surficial Aquifer Groundwater Results OU 1 (4/92) and OU 2 (9/93) Remedial Investigations											
Well	Date	Benzene	chloro- benzene	chloro- form	1,1-dichlotn- ethane	1,2-DCE (total)	PCE	1,1,2- trichloro ethane	TCE	vinyl chloride	xylenes	
S1	Apr-92	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	<1	0.2J	27	<1	0.6J	<1	<1	
S2	Apr-92	<10	<10	1J	5J	1,200	650	<10	690	100	<10	
	Sep-92	0.4J	0.6J	<1	1	466	490	<1	280	70	3	
S3	Apr-92	<10	<10	10<	6J	1,200	5,400	2J	640	110	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	0.3J	45.5	380	<1	24	10	<1	
S4	Apr-92	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
S5	Apr-92	<10	5J	<10	<10	<10	3J	<10	3J	2J	5J	
	Sep-92	2J	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	0.8J	<1	<1	
S6	Apr-92	0.4J	<10	<10	<10	<10	4J	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	0.5J	<1	0.1J	<1	<1	
S7	Apr-92	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<11	1	1	0.2J	1	1	1	1	
S8	Apr-92	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
S9	Apr-92	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
S10	Apr-92	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
S11	Sep-92	<1	<1	3J	<1	<1	0.3J	<1	46	<1	<1	

Bold data is greater than the remediation goals stated in the ROD, except for benzene, chloroform chlorobenzene, and xylenes which have no clean-up standard listed.

Concentration are in ug/l < indicates that the material was nut detected above the minimum quantitation lim it

J indicates an estimated value

Table 5: Castle Hayne Aquifer Groundwater Results Remedial Investigation OU 1 (4/92) and OU 2 (9/93)										
Well	Date	Benzene	chloro- form	1,2-DCE (total)	PCE	TCE				
C1	Apr-92 Sep-92	<10 <1	<10 <1	<10 <1	<10 <1	<10 <1				
C2	Apr-92 Sep-92	<10 <1	2J <1	9J <1	1J <1	3J <1				
C3	Apr-92 Sep-92	<10 <1	<10 <1	14 21	7J 120	28 43				
C4	Apr-92 Sep-92	<10 <1	<10 <1	<10 <1	<10 <1	<10 <1				
C5	Apr-92 Sep-92	18J <1	<100 <1	<100 <1	<100 <1	17 J <1				
C9	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	0.2	0.1				
C10	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	4.8	<1				
C11	Sep-92	<1	<1	<1	0.64	<1				

Concentration are in ug/l

< indicates that the material was not detected above the minimum quantitation limit J indicates an estimated value

Bold data is greater than the remediation goals stated in the ROD, except for benzene and chloroform which have no standard listed in the ROD.

Table 6: Summary of VOC Groundwater Analytical Results for 2002- 2003 Surficial Aquifer

			Chloro-	Cyclo-	cls-1,2-	trans-			Vinyl	Total (b)
Well GW Goal	Date	Banzene 1.0	<u>form</u> 0.19	hexane NS	<u> </u>	1,2-DCE 70	PCE 1.0	TCE 2,8	Chloride 1.0	VOCs
Surficial We		1.0	0.19	110	, 0		1.0	2.0	1.4	
S-1	May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0
•	Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	Ō
	Nov-02	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0 32	<0.5	<0.5	0 32
5-2	Mar-03 May-02	< 10	< 10	< 0.5 1	<u>< 0.5</u> 180	< 0.5 3	< 0.5 340	< 0.5 160	< 0.5 24	708
Ģ •4	Aug-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	60	< 10	110	28	3	201
	Nov-02	<10	<10	<10	48	<10	87	19.5	3.5	138
S-3	Mar-03	<10_	< 10	<10 < 10	<u>89</u>	<10 < 10	100 23	49.5	<u>6.0</u> < 10	224 5 29
5-3	May-02 Aug-02	< 10 < 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	8.3	< 0.5	23 54	4.6	< 0.5	67 1
	Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	12	<0.5	80	8.3	1.9	82.2
	Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	8.4	<0.5	48	5.9	0.99	83.29
S -5	May-02	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	0
	Aug-02 Nov-02	<05	<05	<05	<0.5	<0.5	1	<0.5	<0.5	1
	Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.59	<u><0.5</u>	<0.5	D
S-6	Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0
	Nov-02 Mar-03	<05 <05	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 3.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5 <0.5	02 <05	<0.5 <0.1	<0.5 <0.5	02 35
S-7	May-02	< 10	< 10	4 10	< 10	₹ 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0
	Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<05	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	o
	Nov-02	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0 05
<u>5-8</u>	Mar-03 May-02	<0.5 <10	< 10	< (0	< 10	<05 <10	<u>05</u> <10	< <u>0.5</u> < 10	<0.6 <10	0
3- 0	Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<05	< 0.5	< 0.5	<05	ŏ
	Nov-02	<0.5	<05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0
	Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0
S-9	May-02	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	0
	Aug-02 Nov-02	0 19	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.19
	Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0
8-10	Jen-02	< 10	< 0.5	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	
	May-02 Aug-02	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	0
	Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0 16	<0.5	<0.5	0 16
(a)		<0.5	<0.5	<0 <u>5</u>	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0
FWS-12	Jan-02	< 10	< 0.5	< 10	10	< 10	100	9	< 10	119
	May-02 Aug-02	< 10 < 10	< 10 < 10	< 10 < 10	9 12	< 10 < 10	92 90	9 < 10	< 10 < 10	110 102
	Nov-02	<10	<10	<10	12	<10	67	8	<10	87
	Mar-03	<10	<10	<10	10	<10	96	<10	<10	106
FWS-13	Jan-02	< 10	< 0.5 < 10	< 10 < 10	< 10 < 10	< 10	1 3	< 10 < 10	< 10 < 10	3
	May-02 Aug-02	< 10 < 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	1.2	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.2
	Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2.9	0 51	<0.5	341
	Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2	0.27	<0.5	2.27
RWS-1A(a)	Jar-02	< 10	< 0.5	< 10 <0.5	< 10 0 20	< 10	8 5	< 10 0.22	< 10 <0.5	8 5 42
	Nov-02 Mar-03	<0.5 _<0.5	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	6	0.22	<0.5	591
RWS-1	May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	8	< 10	< 10	ß
	Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.6	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0
RWS-ZA	Jan-02 Aug-02	< 10 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 10 < 0.5	1 57	< 10 < 0.5	17 290	1 28	< 10 0.61	19 324 31
	Nov-02	<10	<10	<10	2	<10	98	2	<10	102
	Mar-03	<10	<10	<10	4	<10	170		<10	180
RWS-2	May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	10	< 10	79	7	2	98
RWS-3A	Jan-02 May-02	< 10 < 10	< 0.5 < 10	6 < 10	100 48	1 < 10	780 920	240 93	21 < 10	1126 1061
	Aug-02	< 10	< 10	4	38	< 10	970	89	4	1105
	Nov-02	<10	<10	3	46	<10	500	150	9	708
E1020 44	Mar-03	<10	<10 < 0.5	- 4	27	< 10	810	59 35	<u>4</u> < 10	904
RWS-4A	Jan-02 May-02	< 10 < 10	< 10	< 10 < 10	54 580	< 10	280 8900	32 500	93	369 8073
	Aug-02	1	< 10	10	310	3	3700	340	47	4411
	Nov-02	<10	<10	8	250	4	3100	280	88	3730
Con T-Wa 7	Mar-03	<20_	<20	2	240	3	1100 .	280	43	1688
See Table 7	TUT NOTES	•								

Table 7: Summary of VOC Groundwater Analytical Results for 2002-2003 Castle Hayne Aquifer

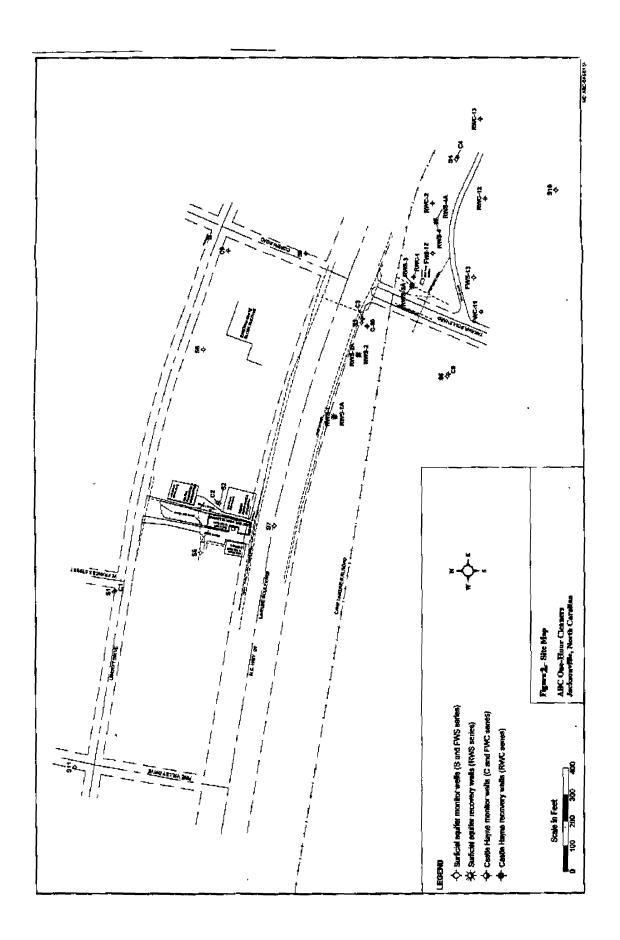
Well		Date	Benzena	Chlore- form	Cyclo- hexane	cis-1,2- DCE	trans- 1,2-DCE	PCE	TCE	Vinyi Chloride	Total (b) VOCs
GW G) (1.0	0 19	NS	70	70	1.0	2.8	1.0	
Castle	Heyr	e Wells									
C-1	-	May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	Q
	(a)	Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	٥
		Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	Q
		Mar-03	<u><0.5</u>	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<u> </u>
C-2		May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	1	< 10	< 10	
		Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	D
		Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	≺0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0
		Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5 27	<0.5	302
C-3		May-02	< 10	< 10 < 10	< 10	5	< 10 < 10	270 140	23	< 10 < 10	302 188
	(a)	Aug-02	< 10 <10	<10	< 10 <10	5 5	<10	100	17	<10	122
		Nov-02		<10 <10	<10	5	<10	150	26	<10	181
C-4		Mar-03	<10 < 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	₹10	
U-4		Jan-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	ŏ
		May-02	<05	< 0.5	<05	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	D
		Aug-02 Nov-02	0 19	<05	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0 19
		Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.6	0
C-5		May-02	< 10	- 300 -	- 210 -	< 10	< 10	< 10	- 210	< 10	
Q -0		Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	ō
		Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.6	0
		Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	0
C-9		May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	₹10	< 10	1	< 10	₹ 10	1
	(a)	Aug-02	< 0.5	3.3	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0 5	33
	1.7	Nov-02	<0.5	4.3	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	0.48	<0.5	<0.5	4 78
	(a)	Mar-03	<0.5	0.105	<0_5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0 105
C-10		May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	Ď.
		Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	Q
		Nov-02	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0 16	<0.5	<0.5	0 16
		Mar-03	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
FWC-1		Jan-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0
	(8)		< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	05	< 10	< 10	0.5
		Aug-02	< 0.5	< 0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5 <0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	< 0.5 < 0.5	0
		Nov-02	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5		<05 <05	<0.5 <0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	Ö
C-12		Mar-03 Jen-02	6	< 10	<0.5 2	17	< 10	15	11	<10	51
G-12			2	< 10	3	13	< 10	7	2	< 10	27
		May-02	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	97	< 0.5	1.7	0.78	< 0.5	12 18
		Ацд-02 Nov-02	2.3	< 0.5	094	14	<0.5	<0.5	0.10	2.9	20 34
		Mer-03	0.75	<0.6	16	11	<0.6	<0.5	0.28	3.1	6,83
C-13		Jan-02	< 10	< 10 ■	5	77		5400	390	4	5877
~ .~		May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	53	< 10	140	13	1	207
		Aug-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	15	< 10	68	17	1	101
		Nov-02	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	44	8	<10	60
_		Mar-03	<10_	<10	<10	<u><10</u>	<10	6	<10_	<10	0
RWC-	((a)	May-02	< 10	< 10	< 10	₽	< 10	155	61	< 10	222
		Aug-02	< 10	< 10	1	16	< 0.5	360	170	< 10	547
		Nov-02	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	29	2	<10	31
		Mar-03	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	22	2	<10	24
RWC-2	2(a)	Jan-02	< 10	< 10	4	57.5	٦ -	1350	270	18	1700 5
		May-02	< 10	< 10	1	31	< 10	1700	160	1	1893
		Aug-02	< 10	< 10	2	79	< 10	2300	190	10	2581
		Nov-02	<10	<10	<10	22	<10	2000	170	3	2195
		Mar-03	<20	<20	4	48	<20	2000	250	4	2306

Notes
Groundwater Goals are the remediation goals from the ROD, except for benzaene and chlaraform which are the North Carolina Groundwater Standards. No standard established for cyclohexane.

Concentrations In ug/L

(a) Average of duplicate Samples,
(lb) Total of VOCs listed an table only.

c• Reported as cis/trans-1,5.5151 dichloroethene. Assumed to be cis-1,2-DCE based on historical data.



Soll Sample Analysis Results Summary Operable Unit 1(6/1991) and Operable Unit 2 (9/1993)									
j	Co	ncetrations repo	rfed in ug/kg or p	arts per billion					
Sample	PCE	TCE	1,2-DCE (total)	Vinyl Chloride	Cholorform	1,1-DCE			
5S-001-01-06*	640	96	95	<57	<29	<29			
SS-001-01-10*	37	2.J	<6	<11	<6	<6			
SS-001-01-14*	440	16J	<28	<56	<28	<28			
SS-002-01-02*	10	2J	<u><5</u>	<11	<5	<5			
SS-002-01-06*	19	72	200	42	<8	<8			
SS-002-01-10*	27J	110	730	55J	<30	<30			
SS-002-01-14*	<740	<740	1,800	<1,500	<740	<740			
SS 014-01-00	90	<11	<11	<11	<u>≺11</u>	<11			
SS 014-01-05 SS-014-01 10	570 210	18	20 <12	<11 <12	<11 <12	<u><11</u> <12			
SS-014-01 10 SS-015-01 00	20	12 <11	<12 <17	<17	<11	<11			
SS-015-02-04	<13	<13	17	<13	<13	<13			
					17				
SS-016-01-2 SS-016 02-5	49,000 27,000	2,500J 920J	400J 150	<12 <12	10J	<12 <12			
SS-016-03-10		920J 20	160 50	<12	103 <12	- <u><12</u> - <12			
SS-016-03-10	200	28	22		<u> </u>	<11			
SS-016-04-15 SS-017-01-2	390 14		<u> 22</u> <11	<u><11</u>	<11	<11 <11			
SS-017-01-2 SS-017-02-5	1,400J	<11 200	290J	<11 <12	<12	<12			
58-017-02-8 58-017-03-10	650	130	330	<12 <54	<54	<54			
SS-017-04-15	1.4003	110	210	<62	₹62	<62			
SS-018-01-02	830,000	<43.000	<43.000	<43,000	<43,000	<43,000			
SS-018-01-02A	2,100,000	33,000	<31,000	<31,000	<31,000	<31,000			
SS-018-02-05	110,000	260,000	110,000	<16,000	<16,000	<16,000			
SS-019-01-02	12,000	11,000	4,300	<1,300	<1,300	<1,300			
SS-019-02-02A	300,000	120,000	<47,000	<47,000	<47,000	<47,000			
88-019-02-05	4,900	1,400	3,100	190	<12	<12			
SS-019-03 09	16	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12			
SS-019-04-15	5,100	<1,400	840J	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS-020-01-00	170	14	<11	<11	<11	<11			
SS-021-01-00A	94	14	<11	<11	<11	<11			
88-022-01-02	580,000	15,000	720	<7,000	<7,000	<7,000			
6S-022-01-02A	700,000	<130,000	<130,000	<130,000	<130,000	<130,000			
88-022-02-05	12,000	1,000J	2,400	<1,500	<1,500	<1,500			
SS-022-03-10	26,000	1,700	3,700	<1,500	<1,500	<1,500			
SS-022-04-15	2,900	<1,400	670J	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS-023-01-02	410,000J	3,600J	85J	<14	<14	<14			
SS-023-02-05	120	22	12J	<12	<12	<12			
SS-023-03-10	20	14	37	<13	<13	<13			
SS-023-04-15	44	85	160	<12	<12	<12			
8S-SPM1-01-00	49,000	1,000J	940J	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
S5-SPM1-02-05	7,500	790J	1,500	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS-SPM1-03-10	7,100	5303	1,200J	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS SPM1-04-14	9,900	7803	1,800	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS SPM2-01-00	4,400	730J	900J	<1,300	<1,300	<1,300			
SS-SPM2-02-05	11,000	1,600	2,300	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS-SPM2-02-05A	14,000	2,200	3,100	<1,500	<1,500	<1,500			
SS-SPM2-03-10	15,000	1,500	2,000	<28	<27	<27			
SS-SPM2-04-15	6,000	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
SS-SPM5-01-00	43,000	<2,500	<2,500	<2,500	<2,500	<2,500			
SS-SPM5-02-05	11,000	<12	6,100	79	<12	<12			
88-SPM5-03-10	3,000	<1,400	<1 400	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
88-SPM5-04-15	13,000	<1,300	990J	<1,300	<1,300	<1,300			
88-V1-01-10	33,000	810J	1200J	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
88-V1-02-14	47,000	1,700	3,000	<1,400	<1,400	<1,400			
88-V1-02-14A	180,000	1,100J	<1,400	<u><1,400</u>	<1,400	<1,400			
SS-V2-01-02	180,000J	36,000J	20,000J	<20	<20	<20			
SS-V2-02-05	5,400J	510	370	<39_	<39	<39			

¹Table contains samples the have compounds above the quantilation limit. Therefore, some samples were omitted from the table. *OU 1 samples collected June 1990 Key: SS-0.001-01-00 is soil sample; soil boring number; OU 1: sample collection depth. Otherwise, SS-022-03-10 is soil sample; soil boring number, sample Interval; sample collection depth. J- estimated value c- not detected above quantilation limit

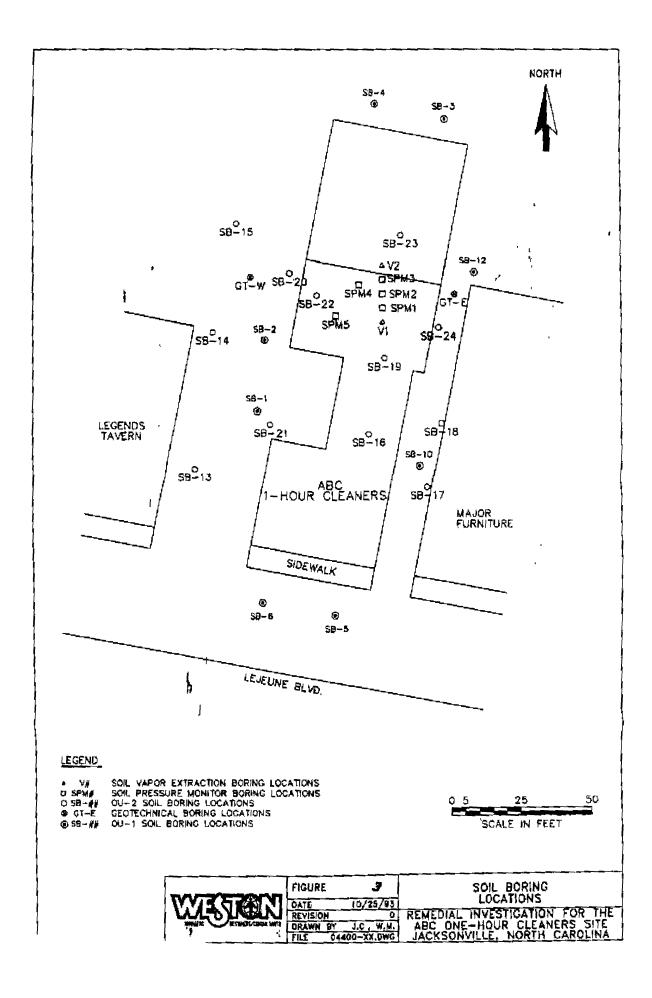
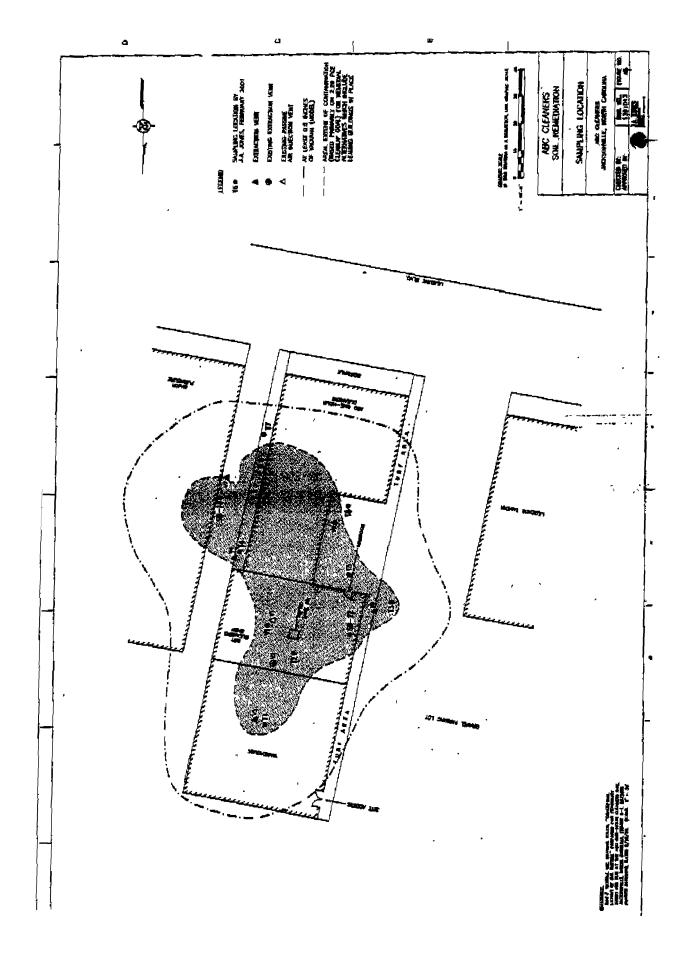


Table 9: Summary of the Soil Sampling Analytical Results from February 2001, January 2002, Various Other Historical Data

SB-18	Soil Boring	Depth (ft)	Chemical	Remedial Goal	Feb. 2001 Result	Jan. 2002 Result	Historical Results	
TCE		1	PCF				830 / 2 100	
1	SB-18					_	· ·	
PCE								1' Depth, 1993
Part								
Part								See results listed above
SB-22								
SB-22								
SB-22								
SB-22	i	· -						5' Depth, 1993
SB-22 2 TCE 0.9 40 ND 15 Collected from SB-22, 2 DCE 21.0 < 0.52 ND 0.72 15 PCE 2.16 2.8 5.5 2.9 Collected from SB-22, 15 DCE 21.0 < 0.49 0.2 < 1.4 15 DCE 21.0 < 0.49 0.2 < 1.4 15 DCE 21.0 < 0.49 0.2	SB-22		_	_			_	
2								
T-2					_			
T-E								
T-2								
T-2 Collected from V-2 (-8 NE), 5' Depth, 1993								15' Depth, 1993
T-2	T-2							
Collected from V-2 (-8 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND N								
T-4								NE), 5' Depth, 1993
TCE								1
T-3					i i			
T-3 3 PCE 2.16 3,500 0.97 0.01 Collected from SB-2 (-5' W.), 2' Depth, 1991 T-4 20 PCE 2.16 660 3.6 20 DCE 21.0 <0.0053 1.013 T-5 2 PCE 2.16 7.5 0.14 2 No adjacent historical samples T-6 4 PCE 2.16 10 ND ND Adjacent historical samples T-7 6 PCE 2.16 2.16 2.4 ND 1.4 Collected from SB-17 (-10' E.) 5' Depth, 1993 V-1 2 PCE 2.16 5,200 52 49 Collected from SB-17 (-7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993		_						NE), 10' Depth, 1993
T-4 20 PCE 2.16 660 3.6 No adjacent historical samples T-5 2 PCE 2.16 10 ND ND ND ND NO adjacent historical samples T-6 4 PCE 2.16 10 ND ND NO Adjacent historical samples T-7 6 PCE 2.16 2.16 2.4 ND 1.4 Collected from SB-17 (~10' E.) 5' Depth, 1993 T-7 6 DCE 2.10 <0.0064 ND 0.29 1993 T-7 2 PCE 2.16 5,200 52 49 Collected from SB-17 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993	T-3	_						
T-4					· ·			
T-4								
T-5 T-6	T-4						10.000	-
T-5								
T-5 2 PCE 2.16 7.5 0.14 No adjacent historical samples No adjacent historical samples T-6 4 PCE 2.16 10 ND ND No adjacent historical samples T-7 No adjacent historical samples T-7 No adjacent historical samples								samples
T-6 2 TCE 0.9 2.9 0.019 Samples	T-5							
T-6								
T-6						0.012		Samples
T-7 Collected from SB-17 Collected from SPM1 Collected from	T-6	4	PCE					
T-7 6 PCE 2.16 2.4 ND 1.4 Collected from SB-17 6 TCE 0.9 0.0097 ND 0.2 (~10' E.) 5' Depth, 6 DCE 21.0 <0.0064 ND 0.29 V-1 2 PCE 2.16 5,200 52 49 Collected from SPM1 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993		4	TCE	0.9	0.076	ND		
V-1 2 PCE 2.16 5,200 52 49 Collected from SPM1 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993		4			0.0052			
V-1 6 TCE DCE 0.9 21.0 0.0097 ND 0.2 ND 0.2 (~10' E.) 5' Depth, 1993 V-1 2 PCE 2.16 5,200 52 49 Collected from SPM1 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993	T-7	6				ND	1.4	(~10' E.) 5' Depth,
V-1 2 PCE 2.16 5,200 52 49 Collected from SPM1 2 TCE 0.9 130 0.088 1 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993		6	TCE	0.9	0.0097	ND	0.2	
V-1 2 TCE 0.9 130 0.088 1 Collected from SPM1 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993			DCE		<0.0064	ND	0.29	1993
2 TCE 0.9 130 0.088 1 Collected from SPM1 (~7' N.), 2' Depth, 1993	V-1	2	PCE	2.16	5,200	52	49	
		2	TCE	0.9		0.088	1	
		2	DCE	21.0	<0.650	0.045	0.94	

Concentrations in mg/kg



5.6 Site inspection

The site inspection of the ABC Cleaners site was conducted on May 5, 2003. Attending the site visit were:

- Daniel Hockett, Terraine Project Manger (Weston subcontractor for OU 1), Charlotte, NC Office
- Jim Tan, J. A. Jones, Project Manager (Weston subcontractor for OU 2), Cherry Point, NC Office
- Regina Berry, J. A. Jones, Technical Assistant, Cherry Point, NC Office

NC DENR staff met on site to inspect the remediation systems, areas surrounding the systems for security and safety, and interview the subcontractors operating the systems. The groundwater pump and treat system is located on the USMC Camp Lejeune property. The system is located within a utility house and is secure. Daniel Hockett was the project manager for this system. He gave a complete overview of the system and of the monitoring and extraction wells, During the visit, it was noted that an alarm within the building was sounding. Mr. Hackett stated that the alarm light had been staying on in the control panel since Terrains began operations at the site. This light referred to the bag filter system actuator which was originally designed to direct flow to either one of two parallel filters based on the pressure differential. However, the system has not been operated in this mode (the pressure differential meter had been disconnected by Foster Wheeler). Therefore, this error message was meaningless. The PLC has been reprogrammed such that the valve directing the flow is not monitored by the PLC. The valve has been positioned to split the flow equally between the two filters. Also inside the building was a leak from the discharge pump and possibly leaking to the outside of the building. Water stains were visible on the foundation of the building. It was also noted that one empty 55-gallon drum, eight 55-gallon drums with Feremede, one 25-gallon drum with calsparce, an air stripper tray, and piping were located adjacent to and behind the building. The location of all the monitoring wells were observed and appeared to be secure. Mr. Hackett then pointed out that the wells labeled C-4 and 5-4 are mislabeled, based on conflicting information on the well tag and the actual well depths gathered during a recent sampling event. Mr. Hackett also stated that for the weekly inspections, replacement of filters, and emergency response, Eastern Environmental Operators from Vanceboro, NC were subcontracted by Terraine. After the visit/walk-through with Terraine, Mr. Hackett began to sample the wells for environmental monitoring requirements. Since the site inspection most of the above-mentioned issues have been addressed.

The second meeting during the site visit was to inspect the SVE system operated by J. A. Jones. Jim Tan (project manager) and Regina Berry (technical assistant) were present for the visit. NC DENR staff had several questions regarding the system operations, sampling and monitoring procedures, and emergency response activities, Several of the questions were unknown by the J. A. Jones staff, especially regarding the operations of the system and emergency response activities. We were referred to Wade

Lewis, former operator and project manager for the site, for these answers. While on the ABC property, it was noted that the SVE system was secure, the building was locked, and the extraction wells were bolted and secure.

5.7 Interviews

The following persons were interviewed regarding the activities and implementation of the remedial actions at the ABC One Hour Cleaners site:

Mr. Luis Flores, Remedial Project Manager, US EPA Region IV:

Mr. Flores stated in his email that this is a statutory review not a policy five-year review. The reason for this being a statutory review is because contaminated soil will be left on the property and that the use of the property will be restricted for this reason. He stated that the building needs to remain on site to keep soil from leaching, as explained in the ROD, Therefore, institutional controls need to be implemented. He also stated based on the most recent groundwater data, it appears that the groundwater pump and treat system is not containing the entire plume and the contamination may have migrated beyond the extraction wells. Mr. Flores stated that there are no groundwater users downgradient of the contaminated plume.

Mr. Brian McGee, Project Manager, Weston:

Mr. McGee, regarding the groundwater remediation, stated that he had recommended remediating at least part of the plume using in situ bioremediation with hydrogen release compounds. But if the concentrations continue to lower and no downgradient receptors would be impacted then monitored natural attenuation (MNA) would also be worth a closer lock.

Several interviews were conducted while visiting the site on May 5, 2003. As stated previously, Daniel Hockett (Terraine, project manager), Jim Tan (J. A. Jones, project manager), and Regina Berry (J. A. Jones, technical assistant) were interviewed regarding the status, sampling and monitoring, and performance of the remediation systems. These interviews brought up several issues with each system but most importantly the issue of an emergency response procedure and contacts for immediate action, if needed.

6.0 Technical Assistance

6.1 Question A: is the remedy functioning as intended by the decision documents?

<u>Groundwater</u>

The remedial action continues to be operating as designed. However, one of the remedial action objective (RAO) is to restore the surficial and Castle Hayne aquifers to its

beneficial use (ie: for drinking water). Based on recent groundwater data from Weston's Groundwater Sampling results dated November 2002, several conclusions were drawn: VOC plume appears to be elongating to the east-southeast in both aquifers, plume appears to have migrated further into the Castle Heyne than in the surficial aquifer, analytical data shows that the recovery wells are placed in appropriate locations due to the highest concentrations of VOC, and presence of cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride indicating that PCE and TCE are readily degrading (although PCE and TCE are still higher than daughter products).

The remedy, being groundwater recovery by extraction wells and treatment by air stripping, may not be containing the entire contaminated plume and preventing the migration of site contaminants at this time. Although the frequent equipment breakdowns and other past operator issues have caused the remediation system to be out of service for years at a time. A formal review should be conducted for optimizing the remedial systems for groundwater. There are no groundwater receptors downgradient from the site.

Implementation of institutional controls recommended by the ROD have not occurred to date. The ROD states that institutional controls will be placed en well construction and water use in the general area of the site. This matter Is discussed further in the Issues and Recommendations section of this review.

Soil

The remedial action objectives (RAOs) for soils were developed to prevent direct contact exposure to soils containing levels of contaminants that produce unacceptable risk levels and prevent migration of contamination from soil to groundwater. The soil clean-up goals, as stated in the ROD, are based on the buildings/structures to remain present and intact on the property as a protective barrier from the soil contamination and to decrease leaching into the groundwater. To date, no institutional controls have been implemented.

6.2 Question B: Are the exposure assumptions, toxicity data, clean-up levels and remedial action objectives (RAQs) used at the time of the remedy still valid?

There have been no changes in the physical conditions of the site that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy. However, as stated previously in Section 5.4, analytical capabilities have changed since the ROD for OU1 was prepared. Most significantly, quantitation limits in most cases are lower than the ROD clean-up levels. It is now technically possible to obtain lower quantitation limits in water samples for two site specific compounds, PCE and vinyl chloride, At the time of the ROD, the quantitation limits for PCE and vinyl chloride were 1 ug/l. This limit of 1 ug/l was then specified in the ROD as the clean-up goals in groundwater for PCE and vinyl chloride. Currently, the quantitation limits for PCE and vinyl chloride are 0.5 ug/l. The NC Groundwater Standard, as stated in the NC Drinking Water and Groundwater Standards; Groundwater Classifications and

Standards (NCAC Title15 Chapter 2L) is 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.015 ug/l for vinyl chloride. Therefore, clean-up goals of 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.5 ug/l for vinyl chloride would be changed to reflect these new values.

6.3 Question C: Has any other information come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy?

No additional information has come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

6.4 Technical Assessment Summary

The most significant issues regarding the protectiveness of the remedy are whether the groundwater extraction system is containing and capturing the contaminant in the most efficient manner, the tack of institutional controls; and the clean-up goals reflecting the new quantitation limit for PCE and vinyl chloride.

7.0 Issues

There are several issues/problems that have been Identified during this review. Each is discussed further in the recommendation section of this report.

- Implementation of institutional controls as stated in the RODs.
- Groundwater contamination in the surficial and Castle Hayne aquifers may not be contained. it is not clear that the zone of influence of the recovery wells is capturing downgradient contamination,
- The extent of contamination needs to be investigated in the Castle Hayne aquifer. The concentration of PCE in C-13, the furthest down gradient well, is above the cleanup goal.
- It is now technically possible to obtain lower quantitation limits in water samples for two site specific compounds, PCE and vinyl chloride, Therefore, dean-up goals of 0.7 ug/l for PCE and 0.5 ug/l for vinyl chloride would be changed to reflect these new values.
- The leak in the groundwater treatment building needs to be fixed. Treated groundwater
 is leaking from a pipe near the air stripper trays. The leaking water is not released
 around the building but is collected by a sump area and pumped back into the holding
 tank for retreatment.
- An evaluation of a possible release of water is needed around the groundwater treatment building. Staining was observed at the bottom of the treatment building.

- The aesthetics of the area surrounding the groundwater treatment building need to be addressed. Nine drums, an air stripper tray, and unused piping were observed around the outside of the building.
- Soil monitoring needs to be more routine. Sampling of the soil needs to be performed on a more routine basis to determine the success of the soil venting extraction system.

8.0 Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

Table 10: Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

ISSUES	Recommendations/ Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Affe Protectiv (Y/I Current	eness?
institutional controls for the site as proposed in the RODS have not been Implemented.	implement Institutional controls and review implementation in next five-year review	EPA & State	EPA & State	Before next five-year review	N	N
Groundwater contamination In the surficial and Castle Hayne aquifers may not be contained.	A formal review should be conducted for optimizing the remedial systems for groundwater.	EPA & State	EPA & State	Before next five-year review	N	Y
Extent of contamination needs to be Investigated in the Castle Hayne Aquifer.	Mere groundwater investigation is needed In the Castle Hayne Aquifer.	EPA & State	EPA & State	Before next five-year review	Z	Y
Groundwater clean-up goals should reflect new lower quantitation limits	ROD needs to be modified to reflect new goals.	EPA & State	EPA & State	Before next five-year review	Z	Z
Treated groundwater is leaking from a pipe near the air stripper trays.	Leak In the groundwater treatment building needs to be fixed.	EPA	EPA	2003	Z	Z
Staining observed at the bottom of the treatment building.	Evaluation of a possible release of water is needed around the groundwater treatment building.	EPA	EPA	2003	N	Ζ
Aesthetics of the area surrounding the groundwater treatment system need to be addressed.	Housekeeping practices around tie treatment buildings need to be kept up continuously.	EPA	EPA	2003	N	N
Soil Monitoring needs to be more routine to determine the success of the soil venting extraction system.	Scheduled sampling needs to be developed for soil monitoring.	EPA & State	EPA & State	Before next five-year review	N	N

9.0 Protectiveness Statement

The remedies at OU1 and OU 2 currently protect human health and the environment in the short-term because the main source of contamination is being remediated through the soil vapor extraction system and currently no human exposure pathways exist to contaminated soil or groundwater. However, in order for the remedies to be protective in the long-term, the following actions need to be taken to ensure long-term protectiveness: implementation of institutional Controls as stated in the RODs; A formal review should be conducted for optimizing the remedial systems for groundwater; and Further groundwater investigation of the Castle Hayne Aquifer.

10.0 Next Review

The next Five-Year Review for the ABC One-Hour Cleaners site is scheduled for August 2008, five years from the date of this review.

ATTACHMENT 1

List of Documents Reviewed ABC One Hour Cleaners Five Year Review

- Roy F. Weston, Inc. November 1992. Remedial Investigation Report, Revision 1, ABC One Hour Cleaners, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV. January 28, 1993 Record Of Decision, Operable Unit #1: Groundwater, ABC One Hour Cleaners Site, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- Roy F. Weston, Inc. May 1994 Remedial Investigation Report, Revision 1, ABC One Hour Cleaners, Operable Unit 2, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV, July 7, 1994. Draft Performance Remedial Deign (RD), ABC One Hour Cleaners Site, Operable Unit 1 Groundwater, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV. September 7, 1994 Signed Record Of Decision, ABC One Hour Cleaners Site Operable Unit 2 (OU2)- Soil, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- Roy F. Weston, inc. October 1994. Work Plan Remedial Design/Solicitation Package Project Assistance, Revision 0, Volume 1-Technical. ABC One Hour Cleaners, Operable Unit 2, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV. May 17, 1995.Performance Specs Remedial Design (RD), ABC One Hour Cleaners Site Operable Unit 2 (OU2)- Soils, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV. April 1991 through January 1998. Fact Sheet Updates, ABC One Hour Cleaners Superfund Site, Jacksonville, Onslow County, North Carolina.
- Roy F. Weston, Inc. March 2001. Mixing Analysis for Proposed NPDES Permit Modification. ABC One Hour Cleaners, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- Roy F. Weston, Inc. May 2002. Interim Remedial Action Report. ABC One Hour Cleaners, Operable Unit 1 Groundwater Remediation, Jacksonville, North Carolina.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV. July 2002. Superfund Preliminary

Close-Out Report, ABC One Hour Cleaners Superfund Site, Jacksonville, Onslow County, North Carolina.

Roy F. Weston, Inc. February 3, 2003. ABC One-Hour Cleaners Groundwater Sampling Results-November 2002.

Roy F. Weston, Inc. May 2000 through November 2002. ABC Cleaners Weekly Update (email).

ATTACHMENT 2

INTERVIEW DOCUMENTATION FORM				
The following is a list of individual interviewed for this five-year review. See the attached contact record(s) for a detailed summary of the interviews.				
Daniel Hockett	O & M Project Manager	Terraine	May 5, 2003	
Name	Title/Position	Organization	Date	
Jim Tan O & M Project Manager		J. A. Jones	May 5, 2003	
Name	Title/Position	Organization	Date	
Regina Berry Technical Assistant		J. A. Jones	May 5, 2003	
Name	Title/Position	Organization	Date	

Ι	NTERVIE	W RECOR	D		
Site Name: ABC One Hour Cleaners			EPA ID No.: N	CD 024644494	
	Subject: Site Inspection for 5-Year Review				
Type: □ Telephone ☑ Visit Location of Visit: Groundwater Treatn					
	Contact	Made By:	1		
Name: Nile Testerman	Title: Env. Enginee	er	Organization:	NC DENR	
		Contacted:			
Name: Daniel Hockett	Title: O & M Proje	ct Manager	Organization:	Геггаіпе	
Telephone No: (704) 889-0004 Fax No: (345) 513-4902 E-Mail Address: dhockett@terraine.co	m	Street Address: 6 City, State, Zip: F			
	Summary Of	Conversation			
See report and checklist for the summan	ry of the site visit.				

Site Inspection Checklist

I SITE INFORMATION				
Site name: ABC One Hour Cleaners- OU 1	Date of inspection: May 5, 2003			
Location and Region: Jacksonville, Qnslow County, NC; Region IV	EPA ID: NCD 024644494			
Agency, office, or company leading the five -year review: NC DENR, Super-fund Section	Weather/temperature: overcast: and mild			
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply) LanditlI cover/containment Access controls Institutional controls Groundwater pump and treatment Surface water collection and treatment Other	☐ Monitored natural attenuation ☐ Groundwater containment ☐ Vertical barrier walls			
Attachments;	☐ Site map attached* *See Report			
II. INTERVIEWS (0	Check all that apply)			
Name	eston, Project Manager May 5, 2003 Title Date e no. (610) 701-3097			
Name	Project Manager May 5. 2003 Title Date e no, (704) 889-0004			

police d	egulatory authorities and response agencies (i. epartment, office of calk health or environmental nty offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.			
	Agency			
	Contact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; □ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Agency			
	ContactName	Title	Data	Phone no.
	Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Agency Contact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; □ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Agency Contact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
4.	Other interviews (optional) Report attack	hed.		
US EPA	conducted the community interviews for the site	e. See report.		
Addition	nal interviews were conducted for OU 2 (soil) Th	ese findings are lo	cated in the following	g check list.

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Check all that apply)				
1.	O&M Documents ☑ O&M manual ☐ As-built drawings ☐ Maintenance logs Remarks	☑ Readily available ☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available	☑ Up to date ☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date	□ N/A □ N/A □ N/A	
		☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date		
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan	-	-		
	☐ Contingency plan/emergency response planemarks	n ☐ Readily available	☑ Up to date	□ N/A	
	Killarks				
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records	☑ Readily available	☑ Up to date	□ N/A	
	Remarks				
4.	Permits and Service Agreements ☐ Air discharge permit ☑ Effluent discharge ☐ Waste disposal, POTW ☐ Other Permits Remarks	☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date ☑ Up to date ☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date	□ N/A □ N/A □ N/A □ N/A	
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A	
6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A	
	Remarks				
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records	☑ Readily available	☐ Up to date	□ N/A	
	Remarks Did not have document on site bu	it data is readily available			
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A	
9.	Discharge Compliance Records ☐ Air			— 3744	
	✓ Water (effluent)	☐ Readily available	□ Up to date☑ Up to date	□ N/A □ N/A	
	Remarks Samples in March and April	☐ Readily available but data not yet available	a op to dute		
10.	Daily Access/Security Logs Remarks_	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A	
	-				

			TV O O N COCTEC	
			IV. O&M COSTS	
1.		in-house []	Contractor for State Contractor for PRP Contractor for Federal for Weston (EPA cont weekly system inspec	tractor.). Terraine has also subcontracted
2.	O&M Cost Record ☐ Readily availab ☐ Funding mechan Original O&M cost	le	place 2,900 □ Break	down attached view period if available
		Total allin	dar cost by year for re-	view period if available
	From 7 Date From 7	Γο Date Γο	Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached ☐ Breakdown attached
	Date From	Date Го	Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached
	Date		Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached
	Date From	Date Γο	Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached
	Date	Date	Total cost	in breakdown attached
3.			D&M Costs During R	Review Period
	V. ACCESS	AND INSTITUT	IONAL CONTROL	S □ Applicable □ N/A
A. Fencing				
1.	Fencing damaged Remarks		on shown on site map	☐ Gates secured N/A
B. Other A	ccess Restrictions			
1.	Signs and other sec	•	☐ Locat	ion shown on site map 🛛 N/A

C. Insti	tutional Controls (ICs)					
	Implementation and enfor	cement				
	Site conditions imply ICs no Site conditions imply ICs no			□ No □ No	□ N/A ☑ N/A	
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive by) Frequency					
	Responsible party/agency _ Contact _					
	Name	Title	Date	I	Phone no.	
	Reporting is up-to-date Reports are verified by the l	ead agency	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A □ N/A	
	Specific requirements in dec Violations have been report Other problems or suggestion		☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No □ No	□ N/A □ N/A	
	Adequacy	☐ ICs are adequate ICs are	e inadequate		N/A	
Gen						
		☐ Location shown en site map	⊠ No vandalis			
	Land use changes on site Remarks	⊠ N/A				
	Land use changes off site Remarks	⊠ N/A				
		VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITION	NS			
. Roac	ls Applicable	□ N/A				
	Roads damaged Remarks See report	☑ Location shown on site map	⊠ Road	ls adequate	e □ N/A	

B. Oth	er Site Conditions		
		a surrounding the groundwater treatment d piping were observed around the outsic	
	VII. LAN	DFILL COVERS	■ N/A
A. Lan	dfill Surface		
1.	Settlement (Low spots)	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Settlement not evident
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
2.	Cracks	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Cracking not evident
	Lengths Widths	Depths	
	Remarks		
3.	Erosion	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Erosion not evident
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
4.	Holes	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Holes not evident
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
5.	Vegetative Cover ☐ Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and Remarks	5	tablished No signs of stress
6.	Alternative Cover (armored roc	k, concrete, etc.)	□ N/A
	Remarks		
7.	Bulges Areal extent Remarks	☐ Location shown on site map Height	☐ Bulges not evident
0	Wet Areas/Water Demose	Wat areas (wafer damage not aviden	
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage ☐ Wet areas	☐ Wet areas/wafer damage not evident☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	☐ Ponding	☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	☐ Seeps	☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	☐ Soft subgrade	☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	Remarks	•	· ····

9.	Slope Instability Areal extent Remarks		☐ Location shown on	site map	☐ No evidence of slope instabili	ty
В. В	(Horizontally constru		□ N/A Inth placed across a steeparface runoff and interce		le slope to interrupt the slope ey the runoff to a lined	
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	n ☐ Location	on shown on site map		□ N/A or okay	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks		on shown on site map		□ N/A or okay	-
3.			on shown on site map		□ N/A or okay	
C. L	(Channel lined with	erosion control mat er and will allow th	ne runoff water collected		t descend down the steep ches to move off of the	
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks	_	-	□ No ev	ridence of settlement	
2.	Material Degradation Material type Remarks		wn on site map Areal extent		vidence of degradation	
3	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	☐ Location sho	*	□ No ev	ridence of erosion	-
4.	Undercutting Areal extent Remarks	-	•		vidence of undercutting	-
5.	☐ Location shown of Size	•	Areal extent		ostructions	

6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth Type			
	☐ No evidence of excessive growth			
	☐ Vegetation in channels does not obsta	ruct flow		
	☐ Location shown on site map		Areal extent	_
	Remarks			
D. C	Cover Penetrations	□ N/A		
1.	Gas Vents	ve 🗆 Passive		
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	\square Evidence of leakage at penetration \square N/A		☐ Needs Maintenance	
	Remarks			
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes			
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration	C	☐ Needs Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks			
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area	of landfill)		
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration		☐ Needs Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks			
4.	Leach ate Extraction Wells			
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration		☐ Needs Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks			
5.	Settlement Monuments	☐ Located	☐ Routinely surveyed	□ N/A
	Remarks			

Е. (Gas Collection and Treatment	☐ Applicable	□ N/A
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities		
	☐ Flaring ☐ Ther	mal destruction	☐ Collection for reuse
	☐ Good condition ☐ Need	ls Maintenance	
	Remarks		
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifol		
		ls Maintenance	
	Remarks		
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g	as monitoring of adia	acent homes or buildings)
٥.		ls Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks		
F. (Cover Drainage Layer	☐ Applicable	□ N/A
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected	□Functioning	□ N/A
	Remarks		
	-		
2.	OutLet Rock Inspected	☐Functioning	□ N/A
	Remarks		
CI	Detention/Sedimentation Ponds	☐ Amplicable	□ N/A
1.		Applicable ont D	
1.	☐ Siltation not evident	m D	□ N/A
	Remarks		
	<u>-</u>		
2.		ent D	pepth
	☐ Erosion not evident		
	Remarks		
3.	Outlet Works	☐ Functioning	□ N/A
	Remarks		
4.	Dam	☐ Functioning	□ N/A
	Remarks		

Н.	Retaining Walls	☐ Applicable ☐ N/A	
1.	Deformations	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Deformation not evident	
	Horizontal displacement	Vertical displacement	
	Rotational displacement		
	Remarks		
2.	Degradation	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Deformation not evident	
	Remarks		
I.	Perimeter Ditches/OffSite D	ischarge Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Siltation not evident	
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
2.	Vegetative Growth	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ N/A	
	☐ Vegetation does not impede	flow	
	Areal extent	Type	
	Remarks		
3.	Erasion	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Erosion not evident	
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
4.	Discharge Structure	☐ Functioning ☐ N/A	
	Remarks		
	VIII. VERTICAL BAI	RRIER WALLS ☐ Applicable ☒ N/A	
1.	Settlement	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Settlement not evident	
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
2.	Performance Monitoring	Type of monitoring	
	☐ Performance not monitored		
	Frequency	☐ Evidence of breaching	
	Head differential		
	Remarks		

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER RI	EMEDIES	✓ Applicable ☐ N/A
A. Grou	undwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines	3	☐ Applicable ☐ NA
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical		
	☐ Good condition ☐ All required wells pro	operly operating	☐ Needs Maintenance ☐ NA
	Remarks		
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Box	es, and Other App	purtenances
	☐ Goad condition ☐ Needs Maintenance		
	Remarks		
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment		
	□ Readily available .□ Good condition	☐ Requires upgrad	de ☐ Needs to be provided
	Remarks		
B. Surfa	ace Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pip	elines Applie	cable 🛛 N/A
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical		
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance		
	Remarks		
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Va	lves, Valve Boxes,	and Other Appurtenances
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance		
	Remarks		
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment		
3.		□ D	d.
	☐ Readily available ☐ Good condition		de ☐ Needs to be provided
	Remarks		

C. Trea	atment System ☐ N/A
1.	Treatment Train (Check components that apply)
	☐ Metals removal ☐ Oil/water separation ☐ Bioremediation
	☐ Air stripping ☐ Carbon adsorbers
	☐ Filters Particulate filters
	☐ Additive (e.g., chelation agent, flocculent)
	□ Others
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance
	☐ Sampling ports properly marked and functional
	☐ Sampling/maintenance log displayed and up to date
	☐ Equipment properly identified
	☐ Quantity of groundwater treated annually
	☐ Quantity of surface water treated annually
	Remarks
2.	Electrical Enclosures and Panels (properly rated and functional)
	☐ N/A ☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance
	Remarks
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage Vessels
	\square N/A \boxtimes Good Condition \square Proper secondary containment \square Needs Maintenance
	Remarks
4.	Discharge Structure and Appurtenances
	☐ N/A ☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance
	Remarks <u>Leaks and plumbing need attention</u>
5.	Treatment Building(s)
	\square N/A \square Good condition (esp, roof and doorways) \boxtimes Needs repair
	☐ Chemicals and equipment properly stored
	Remarks Water staining near foundation and leak inside building
6.	Monitoring Wells (pump and treatment remedy)
	⊠ secured/locked
	☑ All required wells located ☐ Needs Maintenance ☐ N/A
	Remarks However, wells S-4 and C-4 are mislabeled
D. Mon	itoring Data
1.	Monitoring Data
	☐ Is routinely submitted on time ☐ Is of acceptable quality
2.	Monitoring data suggests:
	☐ Groundwater plume is effectively contained
	wells

D. Moni	tored Natural Attenuation			
1.	Monitoring Wells (natural atter	nuation remedy)		
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Fuactionirsg	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ All required wells located	☐ Needs Maintenan	ce	⊠ N/A
	Remarks			
		X. OTHER RE	MEDIES	
If th	nere are remedies applied at the	site which are not cover	red above, attach art inspection	on sheet describing
the	physical nature and condition of	f any facility associated	l with the remedy, An exampl	le would be soil
vap	or extraction.			
		XI. OVERALL OBS	ERVATIONS	
Α.	Implementation of the Remed	y		
	Describe issues and observation	ns relating to whether the	ne remedy is effective and fur	nctioning as
	designed. Begin with a brief sta	atement of what the ren	nedy is to accomplish (i.e., to	contain
	contaminant plume, minimize i	nfiltration and gas emis	ssion, etc.).	
See text o	f five-year report			
В.	Adequacy of O&M			
	Describe issues and observation	ns related to the implen	nentation and scope of O&M	procedures. In
	particular, discuss their relation			
				•
See text o	of five-year report			
C	E. I. I. I'	D I. D I.I		
C.	Early Indicators of Potential	-	1	CO0M 1:1
	Describe issues and observation	-	•	-
	frequency of unscheduled repair	rs, that Suggest that the	e protectiveness of the remed	y may be
	compromised in the future.			
See text o	of five-year report			
	· -			
D.	Opportunities for Optimization	on		
	Describe possible opportunities	for optimization in mo	onitoring tasks or the operatio	n of the remedy
g	C C			
See text o	f five-year report			

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site Name: ABC One Hour Clear	ners		EPA ID	No.: N	CD 024644494
Subject: Site Inspected for 5-Year Revi	iew		Time: 14	400	Date: 5/5/03
Type: ☐ Telephone ☒ Visi Location of Visit: ABC One Hour Clea		ner			
	Conta	ict Made By	*		
Name: Nile Testerman	Title: Env. En	gineer		Organ	nization: NC Denr
	Individ	ual Contact	ed:		
Name: Jim Tan Regina Bery		Project Manage cal Assistant	er		nization: J.A. Jones onmental Services
Telephone No. (252) 466-9455 Fax No. E-Mail Address:		Street Address: City, State, Zip:			
	Summary	of Convers	ation		
See report and checklist for the summar	ry of the site visi	t.			

Site Inspection Checklist

I SITE INFO	DRMATION			
Site name: ABC One Hour Cleaners- OU 2	Date of inspection: May 5, 2003			
Location and Region: Jacksonville, Qnslow County, NC, Region IV	EPA ID: NCD 024644494			
Agency, office, or company leading the five -year review: NC DENR, Super-fund Section	Weather/temperature: overcast: and mild			
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply)				
☐ LanditII cover/containment	☐ Monitored natural attenuation			
☐ Access controls	☐ Groundwater containment			
☐ Institutional controls	☐ Vertical barrier walls			
☐ Groundwater pump and treatment				
☐ Surface water collection and treatment				
Other Soil Vapor Extraction System				
Attachments; ☐ Inspection team roster attached*	☐ Site map attached* *See Report			
II. INTERVIEWS (0	Check all that apply)			
1. O&M site manager Brian McGee. West	on, Project Manager May 5, 2003			
Name	Title Date			
Interviewed ☐ at site ☐ at office ☒ by phone Phone	e no. (610) 70 1-3097			
Problems, suggestions; Report attached				
2. O&M staff	Project M anager May 5. 2003			
Name	Title Date			
Interviewed at site □ at office □ by phone Phone no, (252)446-9455				
Problems, suggestions; Report attached				

police o	egulatory authorities and response agencies (i.e., lepartment, office of calk health or environmenta inty offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.	State and Tribal office l health, zoning office	es, emergency respo e, recorder of deeds,	nse office, or other city
	Agency			
	Contact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Agency			
	Name Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
	Agency Contact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
	AgencyContact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; ☐ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.
4.	Other interviews (optional) Report attach	ned.		
US EPA	A conducted the community interviews for the sit	te. See report.		
Additio	nal interviews were conducted for OU 1(grounds	water) These findings	are located in the fo	llowing check

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Check all that apply)					
1.	O&M Documents ☐ O&M manual ☐ As-built drawings ☐ Maintenance logs Remarks	☑ Readily available ☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available	☑ Up to date ☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date	□ N/A □ N/A □ N/A		
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	□ N/A		
2.	☑ Contingency plan/emergency response pla	n ☑ Readily available	☑ Up to date	□ N/A		
	Remarks		_			
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Remarks	□ Readily available	☑ Up to date	□ N/A		
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit Effluent discharge Waste disposal, POTW Other Permits Remarks	☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available ☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date ☐ Up to date	№ N/A№ N/A№ N/A№ N/A		
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		
6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		
9.	Discharge Compliance Records					
	☐ Air	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		
	☐ Water (effluent) Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		
10.	Daily Access/Security Logs Remarks	☐ Readily available	☐ Up to date	⊠ N/A		

			IV. O&M COSTS	
1.		e		al Facility contractor.). However, operators of the or, would take over O & M.
2.		able	place 63 □ Brea	kdown attached
	From	Date To Date	Total cost Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached ☐ Breakdown attached
	FromDate FromDate		Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached ☐ Breakdown attached
	FromDate		Total cost	☐ Breakdown attached
3.		or Unusually High O nd reasons;		
	V. ACC	ESS AND INSTITU	TIONAL CONTRO	OLS 🛮 Applicable 🗆 N/A
A. Fencing				T.C
1.	Fencing damag Remarks	ed Locatio	n shown on site map	p ☐ Gates secured ☒ N/A
B. Other A	ccess Restriction	S		
1.	· ·	security measures		ation shown on site map N/A

C. Institut	ional Controls (ICs)							
1.	Implementation and enforcement							
	Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Xes	□ No □ No	□ N/A ⊠ N/A				
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive by)Frequency							
	Responsible party/agency							
	Contact Name Title	Date		Phone no.	_			
	Reporting is up-to-date	☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A				
	Reports are verified by the lead agency	☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A				
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met Violations have been reported	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A □ N/A				
	Other problems or suggestions; Report attached							
					_			
					-			
2.	Adequacy ☐ ICs are adequate ☐ ICs are ina	idequate		N/A				
	Remarks				_			
					_			
D. Genera	 I				_			
1.	Vandalism/trespassing ☐ Location shown en site map	No vand ■ No va	alism evid	ent				
	Remarks				-			
2.	Land use changes on site Remarks							
3.	Land use changes off site N/A				_			
	Remarks				_			
	VT. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS				_			
A. Roads	✓ Applicable □ N/A							
	**							
1.	Roads damaged	■ Road	ls adequate	e □ N/A				

B. Oth	er Site Conditions		
	Remarks		
		DFILL COVERS □ Applicable	N/A
A. Lan	ndfill Surface		
1.	Settlement (Low spots)	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Settlement not evident
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
2.	Cracks	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Cracking not evident
	Lengths Widths	Depths	
	Remarks		
3.	Erosion	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Erosion not evident
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks		
4.	Holes	☐ Location shown on site map	☐ Holes not evident
	Areal extent	Depth	
	Remarks	•	
5.	Vegetative Cover	☐ Grass ☐ Cover properly esta	ablished No signs of stress
	☐ Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and	1 1 7	
	Remarks	<u>-</u>	
6.	Alternative Cover (armored rock	concrete etc.)	□ N/A
0.		, concrete, etc.)	
	Temarks		
7	Dulges	☐ Location shown on site map	Dulgos not avident
7.	Bulges Areal extent	Height	☐ Bulges not evident
	Remarks		
	Kemarks		
0	Wet Areas/Wets- Damage	Wat areas known day day and a '1'	
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage	☐ Wet areas/wafer damage not evident	A 1
	☐ Wet areas	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	□ Ponding	•	
	☐ Seeps	☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	☐ Soft subgrade	☐ Location shown on site map	Areal extent
	Remarks		

		•				
9.	Slope Instability Areal extent_ Remarks_	<u></u>			☐ No evidence of slope instabil	ity
D I	Benches \square	Applicable	□ N/A			<u> </u>
Б. 1	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	d mounds of ea	arth placed across a stee		le slope to interrupt the slope ey the runoff to a lined	
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks		on shown on site map		□ N/A or okay	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks		on shown on site map		□ N/A or okay	<u> </u>
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks		on shown on site map		□ N/A or okay	<u> </u>
~ -						_
С. 1	Cetdown Channels (Channel lined with eros side slope of the cover as landfill cover without creations)	ion control mat nd will allow th	ts, riprap, grout bags, or ne runoff water collected		t descend down the steep ches to move off of the	
1.	Areal extentRemarks	Depth_			ridence of settlement	
2.	Material Degradation Material type Remarks		Areal extent		evidence of degradation	
3.	Erosion [Areal extent Remarks		own on site map	□ No ev	vidence of erosion	<u></u>
4.	Undercutting Areal extent Remarks	Depth	•		vidence of undercutting	
5.	Obstructions Ty Location shown on si Size Remarks	•	Areal extent		ostructions	<u>-</u>

6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth	ssive Vegetative Growth Type		
	☐ No evidence of excessive growth	No evidence of excessive growth		
	☐ Vegetation in channels does not obst	☐ Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow		
	☐ Location shown on site map		Areal extent	_
	Remarks			
D. C	over Penetrations Applicable	□ N/A		
1.	Gas Vents	ve 🗆 Passive		
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration		☐ Needs Maintenance	
	□ N/A			
	Remarks			
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes			
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration		☐ Needs Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks			
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area	of landfill)		
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration		☐ Needs Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks			
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells			
	☐ Properly secured/locked	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled	☐ Good condition
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration		☐ Needs Maintenance	□ N/A
	Remarks			
5.	Settlement Monuments	☐ Located	☐ Routinely surveyed	□ N/A
	Remarks			

E. Gas	Collection and Treatment	☐ Applicable	□ N/A	
1.	1. Gas Treatment Facilities			
	☐ Flaring ☐ Therm.	al destruction	☐ Collection for reuse	
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs	Maintenance		
	Remarks			
2.	Con Collection Wells Monifold	la and Dinina		
۷.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifold Good condition □ Needs	Maintenance		
	Remarks			
	Temarks			
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g.,	as monitoring of adjacen	t homes or buildings)	
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs	Maintenance	□ N/A	
	Remarks			
	er Drainage Layer	☐ Applicable	□ N/A	
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Remarks	☐ Functioning	□ N/A	
	Remarks		_	
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected	☐ Functioning	□ N/A	
	Remarks			
		☐ Applicable		
1.		Depth_		
	☐ Siltation not evident			
	Remarks			
2.	Erosion Areal extent	Depth_		
	☐ Erosion not evident			
	Remarks			
3.	Outlet Works	☐ Functioning	□ N/A	
	Remarks			
4.	Dam	☐ Functioning	□ N/A	
т.	Remarks_	_		

H.	Retaining Walls	☐ Applicable ☐ N/A
1.	Deformations	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Deformation not evident
	Horizontal displacement	Vertical displacement
	Rotational displacement	
	Remarks	
2.	Degradation	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Deformation not evident
	Remarks	
I.	Perimeter Ditches/OffSite D	ischarge
1.	Siltation	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Siltation not evident
	Areal extent	Depth
	Remarks	
2.	Vegetative Growth	\square Location shown on site map $\square N/A$
	☐ Vegetation does not impede	flow
	Areal extent	Type
	Remarks	
3.	Erosion	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Erosion not evident
	Areal extent	Depth
	Remarks	
	-	
4.	Discharge Structure	☐ Functioning ☐ N/A
	Remarks	
	-	
	VIII. VERTICAL	BARRIER WALLS Applicable N/A
1.	Settlement	☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Settlement not evident
	Areal extent	Depth
	Remarks	
2.	Performance Monitoring	Type of monitoring
	☐ Performance not monitored	
	Frequency	
	Head differential	
	Remarks	

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES	☐ Applicable N/A
A. Gro	oundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines	☐ Applicable ☐ NA
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical	
	☐ Good condition ☐ All required wells properly operating	☐ Needs Maintenance ☐ NA
	Remarks	
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other App	urtenances
	☐ Goad condition ☐ Needs Maintenance	
	Remarks	
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment	
	☐ Readily available ☐ Good condition ☐ Requires upg	•
	Remarks	
D C		1. 11 MAY
1.	rface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines	plicable 🛮 N/A
1.	Good condition Needs Maintenance	
	Remarks	
	remarks	
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes,	and Other Appurtenances
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance	• •
	Remarks_	
2	0. D. 15.	
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment	
	☐ Readily available ☐ Good condition ☐ Requires upg	grade Needs to be provided
	Remarks	
		_

C. Treatment System ☐ Applicable ☒ N/A				
1.	Treatment Train (Check components that apply)			
	☐ Metals removal ☐ Oil/water separation ☐ Bioremediation			
	☐ Air stripping ☐ Carbon adsorbers			
	☐ Filters			
	☐ Additive (e.g chelation agent, flocculent)			
	□ Others			
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance			
	☐ Sampling ports properly marked and functional			
	☐ Sampling/maintenance log displayed and up to date			
	☐ Equipment properly identified			
	☐ Quantity of groundwater treated annually			
	☐ Quantity of surface water treated annually			
	Remarks			
2.	Electrical Enclosures and Panels (properly rated and functional)			
	□ N/A □ Good condition □ Needs Maintenance			
	Remarks			
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage Vessels			
	\square N/A \square Good Condition \square Proper secondary containment \square Needs Maintenance			
	Remarks			
4.	Discharge Structure and Appurtenances			
	□ N/A □ Good condition □ Needs Maintenance			
	Remarks			
5.	Treatment Building(s)			
	\square N/A \square Good condition (esp, roof and doorways) \square Needs repair			
	☐ Chemicals and equipment properly stored			
	Remarks			
6.	Monitoring Wells (pump and treatment remedy)			
	☐ secured/locked ☐ Functioning ☐ Routinely sampled ☐ Good condition			
	☐ All required wells located ☐ Needs Maintenance ☐ N/A			
	Remarks			
D. Mon	itoring Data			
1.	Monitoring Data			
	☐ Is routinely submitted on time ☐ Is of acceptable quality			
2.	Monitoring data suggests:			
	☐ Groundwater plume is effectively contained ☐ Contaminant concentrations are declining in some wells			

D. Monitored Natural Attenuation				
1.	Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy)			
	☐ Properly secured/locked ☐ Funct	tioning	ed Good condition	
	☐ All required wells located ☐ Needs	s Maintenance	□ N/A	
	Remarks			
	Х. С	OTHER REMEDIES		
	SOIL REMEDI	IES ⊠ Applicable □ NA		
A. Soil	il Vapor Extraction		A	
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electr	rical		
	☑ Good condition ☑ All required	wells properly operating \text{No.}	eeds Maintenance NA	
	Remarks SVE system			
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Va	alve Boxes, and Other Appurten	ances	
	☐ Goad condition ☐ Needs Mainte	enance		
	Remarks			
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment			
	☐ Requires upgrade ☐ Needs to be provided			
	Remarks			
B. Surf	rface Water Collection Structures, Pumps,	and Pipelines	⊠ N/A	
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Elect	trical		
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Mainte	enance		
	Remarks			
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipeli		Other Appurtenances	
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Mainte	enance		
	Remarks			
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment			
	☐ Readily available ☐ Good conditi	on	☐ Needs to be provided	
	Remarks			

C. Tre	eatment System Applicable N/A			
1.	Treatment Train (Check components that apply)			
	☐ Metals removal ☐ Oil/water separation ☐ Bioremediation			
	☐ Air stripping ☐ Carbon adsorbers			
	□ Filters			
	☐ Additive (e.g., chelation agent, flocculent)			
	☑ Others <u>Mini-cyclone</u>			
	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance			
	☐ Sampling ports properly marked and functional			
	☐ Sampling/maintenance log displayed and up to date			
	☐ Equipment properly identified			
	☐ Quantity of groundwater treated annually			
	☐ Quantity of surface water treated annually			
	Remarks			
2.	Electrical Enclosures and Panels (properly rated and functional)			
	☐ N/A ☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance			
	Remarks			
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage Vessels			
	\square N/A \boxtimes Good Condition \square Proper secondary containment \square Needs Maintenance			
	Remarks			
4.	Discharge Structure and Appurtenances			
	☐ N/A ☐ Good condition ☐ Needs Maintenance			
	Remarks			
5.	Treatment Building(s)			
	\boxtimes N/A \square Good condition (esp, roof and doorways) \square Needs repair			
	☐ Chemicals and equipment properly stored			
	Remarks			
6.	Monitoring Wells (pump and treatment remedy)			
	☑ secured/locked ☑ Functioning ☑ Routinely sampled ☑ Good condition			
	✓ All required wells located ☐ Needs Maintenance ☐ N/A			
	Remarks			
D. Monitoring Data				
1.	Monitoring Data			
_	☐ Is routinely submitted on time ☐ Is of acceptable quality			
2.	Monitoring data suggests:			
	☐ Groundwater plume is effectively contained ☐ Contaminant concentrations are declining in some wells			

XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS

A. Implementation of the Remedy

Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).

See text of five-year report

B. Adequacy of O&M

Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-terns protectiveness of the remedy.

See text of five-year report

C. Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems

Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that Suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future

See text of five-year report

D. Opportunities for Optimization

Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy

See text of five-year report

ATTACHMENT 3



Entrance to the ABC One Hour Cleaners operation.



A side view of the building.



Side of the ABC One Hour Cleaner building. This is the location of the well and entrance to the SVE system.



Sign for the Tamara Terrace Housing Development.



Groundwater Extraction and Treatment System housing unit.



Side view of the groundwater treatment building, a drum and the air stripper tray are visible.



Another view of the groundwater treatment building, the wood pallets are stored behind the building.

ATTACHMENT 4

5-Year Review Questionnaire

Site	ABC Gra Hour Cleaner
City/State .	Joshan Wille NC. 28540
Date: 17 04 30, 2003	Phone No. (4(9) 353-3/32-
Name of Offizen	Mr. Trajon Widgett
	Main Territore Co.
Address	The said of the said
	2127 Ference Stra Jastissinelle
Do you five near the Site? If	yes, how long? Allera Rusiness marte to bite
Are you familler with EPA so	t vitles over the past years?
•	A War and A Market
Yvnat is your overall impress His numeric out	con of the project? there they fint started attrition there
let Here over a	year and Hay broken , So, at first not impressed.
<i>υ</i> ∕Oversii, have you been plea.	sed or displessed with cleanup actions at this Site?
	time extlem war execut that the government
unter.	much money to alexin up the grapesty and
	e operations had on the surrounding community? Those that he
is aware of	a obelegation that our management of the source of the sou
Do you still have any concer	ns regarding EPA clean up activities of the Site?
	The condition of grandwater - Lo it getting is on well with hatil 1000 Her aits water out in.
The resel was as	il to sample assertiuited.
Do you think you have been	kept adequately informed about dean up activities at the 5ite?
no-orly contains	
Are you aware of any events	, incidents, or activities at the site such as vangalism, trespassing, or local authorities? If so, please give details.
eustideLch (escollede (roll)	OCE ROUTERING: II out proces \$144 Marchier
is there someone else that y	pu would like to recommend we contact for more information?
Do you have any suggestion Man - anatime **	is that EPA can implement to improve communication with the public?
be all should be	told - to said the war near told is too land you
Interview conducted by:	Since Benett _ containated or not.
Date conducted :	4.30,2003

5-Year Review Questionnaire for Govt. Officials

Site	ABC On- Hom Clanen
City/S	tate Chalennific MC.
Date: Dies	Phone No. (9/10)455-0354
Name	Jan Batter Dan Pro Line
112,112	
Address	Je & barnville, M.C.
What is your ov	ereif Impression of the project? Santhy & drawn but &
	adentitod by the openeral public
	n routine communications or activities conducted by your office regarding the Site? actions, reporting activities, etc.) If so, please give purpose and results.
The	
Max	Het him aware of.
Da yau teel well	informed about the Site's activities and progress? Tothing Citchy
Do you think die in what ways?	an up activities at the Sile have had a positive or negative impact on the community?
Dine	elle speaking from something being done to chean ey
CMTank Do you have an operation?	y comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the Site's management or
may	Jubic disclosure of results of cleaning, and to
Interview condu	control Deere Court
HILE REST CONST	
Date conducted	-7/kg 3

5-Year Review Questionnaire for Govt. Officials

Site	Alla Che-How Cleaner	
City/State	Jechoen wille, M.	
ato: 5/20/03	Phone No	₽
ame	en Hagan, City Marson	
	+ A Destantial	
torese	y of facosmoule	
	chemoule, N.C. 28540	 -
hat is your overall impressi	ion of the project? Bord ight of identificening	Allene
and taking act		
<u> </u>		
tve there been routine com ite vlatis, inspections, repor	nmunications or activities conducted by your office regarding the S irting activities, etc.) If so, please give purpose and results.	ity?
none depen	him upon authorities to Kindle.	
		
—		
ive there been any complain	ints, violations or other incidents related to the Site requiring a re-	sponse
ive there been any complain your office? If so, please :	ints, violations or other incidents related to the Site requiring a reagility details of the events and results.	spon se
your office? If so, please :	ints, violations or other incidents related to the Site requiring a reagive details of the events and results.	spon se
your office? If so, please :	ints, violations or other incidents related to the Site requiring a re- give details of the events and results.	Броп ае
your office? If so, please:	give details of the events and results.	
your office? If so, please:	ints, violations or other incidents related to the Site requiring a recolor details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	
your office? If so, please:	give details of the events and results.	
your office? If so, please : Torus you feel we!! Informed above	give details of the events and results. Out the Ske's activities and progress?	
your office? If so, please : Torus you feel we!! Informed above	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	
your office? If so, please ; Your office? If so, please ; you feel we!! Informed about think clear up activitie whe: ways?	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunity?
your office? If so, please in you feel we!! Informed about you think clear up activities whe: ways?	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunlty?
your office? If so, please in you feel we!! Informed about you think clear up activities whe: ways?	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunlty?
you feel we!! Informed about think cleen up activities what ways? Land & gauge - you have any comments,	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunlty?
you feel we!! Informed about think clears up activities what ways? Land Le gauge— you have any comments,	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunlty?
you feel we!! Informed about think cleen up activities what ways? Land & gauge - you have any comments,	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunlty?
you feel we!! Informed about think clears up activities what ways? Land Le gauge— you have any comments,	give details of the events and results. Out the Site's activities and progress?	nunlty?

5-Year Review Questionnaire for Goyt. Officials

Site	ABC Was - Throw Cleaner
City/State _	Jacksonville , M. C.
nto: Than 30 2003	Phone No. (910) 347-2154
III. V/ ASS 11- S 50-	Out of the same
ime	The Runain August
ldress	Aprolan Consissance the Hestil Dect.
	Jacksonniete D.C.
hat is your overall impress	sion of the projects. Has not had are involvement
tiat to year overstruthous	
with Fraged	e is not families with clean up operate
Over Exces Here	to her shouldenter confineration from site
The impacted a	Meditatical Modell across Myseum Blade. mmunications or activities conducted by your office regarding the Site?
ita visits, inspections, repo	orting activities, etc.) If so, please give purpose and results.
	
 -	
ave there been any comple vone office? If so, blesse	aints, violations or other incidents related to the Site requiring a response a give details of the events and results.
y 3001 Dinasi 11 as; protect	
	
	
you feel well informed at	bout the Site's activities and progress?
Must makes	ties at the Site have had a positive or negative impact on the community?
	1
	
you have any comments	a, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the Site's management or
peration?	
•,	· • /
terdew conducted by	Seine Barret
ate conducted your	u 3.2002